

Regular Expression

1. Goals

- The host language does not provide a literal syntax for regular expressions like `/\w+@\w+\.\w+/.` .
- Avoid to programmatically build regular expressions and avoid runtime overhead of compiling these expressions.
- Add a new literal type, using the syntax known from JavaScript, Ruby, Perl, etc.

2. Parser

- Create a subclass of **LAAspect** called **RegularExpressionAspect**.
- Define the language extension:

```
RegularExpressionAspect>>advice: aParser
  ^ LAAdvice new
    before: aParser primary;
    parser: ($/ asParser , $/ asParser negate star , $/
asParser) small
```

- **#before**: defines a pointcut into the original grammar, a pointcut into the language model.
- **#parser**: defines the parser to be injected.

3. Test it

- Create a subclass of **TestCase** called **RegularExpressionTest**.
- On the test class select *Language Aspects | Add Aspect | RegularExpressionAspect* to use the language extension in the context of this aspect.
- Add a test method:

```
RegularExpressionTest>>testRegularExpression
  self assert: (/w+@w+\.w+/ matches: 'renggli@gmail.com')
```

- Test fails (⌘T).
- Show decompiled code. **nil**, we haven't told the how to compile the parse tree to a host language AST.

4. Compiler

- Add a method to specify compilation:

```
RegularExpressionAspect>>compile: aToken
  ^ (aToken value copyFrom: 2 to: aToken size - 1) asRegex
    lift: aToken
```

- **#copyFrom:to:** removes the slashes
- **#asRegex** parses and compiles the expression
- **#lift:** creates a literal node from the matcher object together with the original token
- Select *Language Aspects | Recompile Users* from the context menu on the aspect.

1. Test it

- Test passes (☞T).
- Show decompiled code.

2. Highlight

- Add a method to specify highlighting:

```
RegularExpressionAspect>>highlight: aToken  
    ^ aToken -> Color orange
```

- Show test case again.
- Put a `#halt` and show the debugger.

3. Other Examples

- **LAPathAspect** and **LAPathAspectTest**
Implement an XPath like query language, that uses Smalltalk blocks as query expressions.
- **LACrosscuttingTest**
Shows the regular expression extension, the XPath extension and Smalltalk code intermixed in a single method.
- Add an ignore case property to the language extension:
`/[a-z]+/i`. Change parser and compilation concern.