UNIVERSITÄT BERN

# **Software Metrics and Problem Detection**

Mircea Lungu



#### > Measurements

#### > Software Metrics

- Size / Complexity Metrics
- -Quality Metrics
- Schedule / Cost

### > Metric-Based Problem Detection

- Detecting Outliers
- Encoding Design Problems
- > Discussion

# Measurements

A measurement is a mapping domain range rules

A measure is a numerical value or a symbol assigned during mapping

In Software: measurements = **metrics** 



Estimation of quantity owes its existence to Measurement Calculation to Estimation of quantity Balancing of chances to Calculation and Victory to Balancing of chances.

# **Measurement Scales**

- > Nominal
- > Ordinal
- > Interval
- > Ratio
- > Analysis should take scales into account



Estimation of quantity owes its existence to Measurement Calculation to Estimation of quantity Balancing of chances to Calculation and Victory to Balancing of chances. Medical Markers are used in diagnositcs based on statistical data

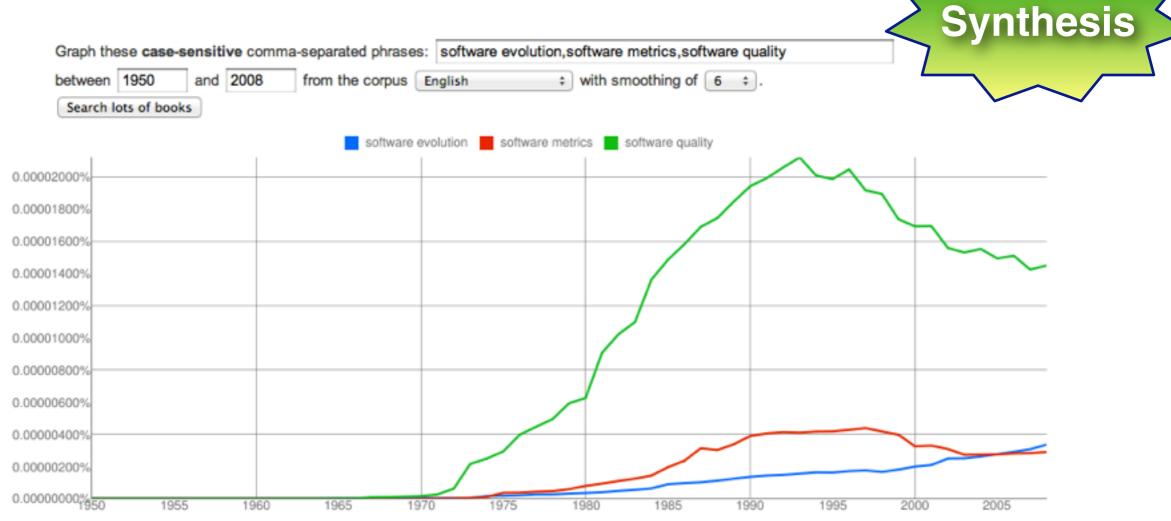
- > Potassium Levels
- > Red Blood Cell Count
- > Glucose Levels

> etc.



### **Google Measures N-gram Frequencies**

> What do you do when you want to digitize and report about 5 million books but can not because of copyright?



### Can you assess unknown code without reading it?



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#### SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

Report on a conference sponsored by the NATO SCIENCE COMMITTEE Garmisch, Germany, 7th to 11th October 1968

Chairman: Professor Dr. F. L. Bauer Co-chairmen: Professor L. Bolliet, Dr. H. J. Helms

Editors: Peter Naur and Brian Randell

January 1969

#### Fraser:

One of the problems that is central to the software production process is to identify the nature of progress and **to find some way of measuring it**.

#### McIlroy:

In programming efforts [...] clarity and style seem to count for nothing — the only thing that counts is whether the program works when put in place. It seems to me that it is important that we should **impose these types of aesthetic standards**.



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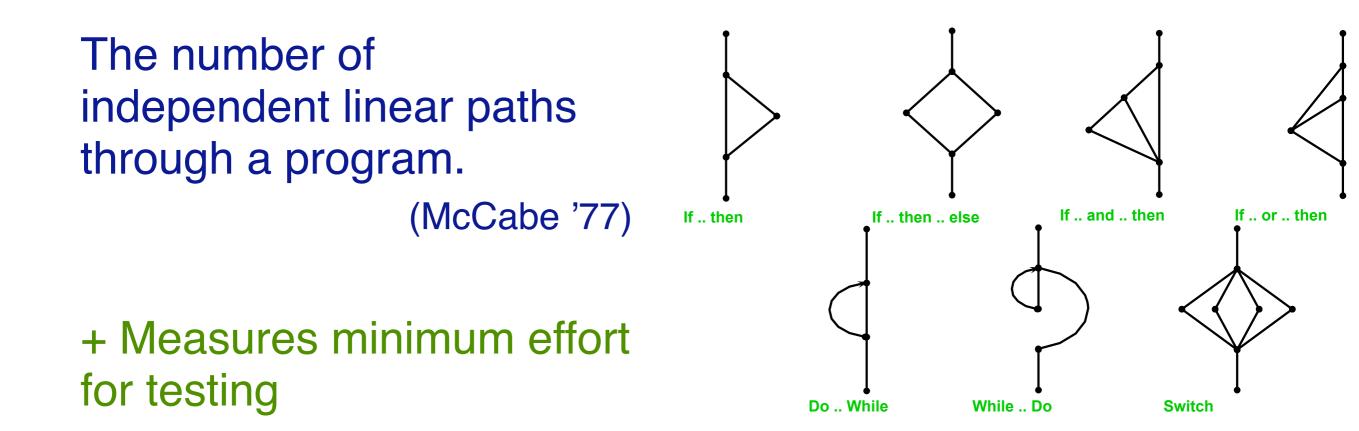
# **Size Measures**

LOC NOM NOA NOC NOP

> Lorenz, Kidd, 1994 Chidamber, Kemerer, 1994



# **Cyclomatic Complexity (CYCLO)**



# Weighted Methods per Class (WMC)

The complexity of a class by summing the complexity of its methods, usually using CYCLO.

(Chidamber & Kemerer '94)

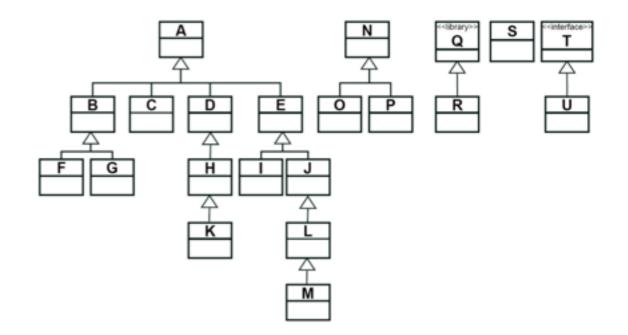
+ A proxy for the time and effort required to maintain a class



# **Depth of Inheritance Tree (DIT)**

The maximum depth level of a class in a hierarchy. (Chidamber & Kemerer '94)

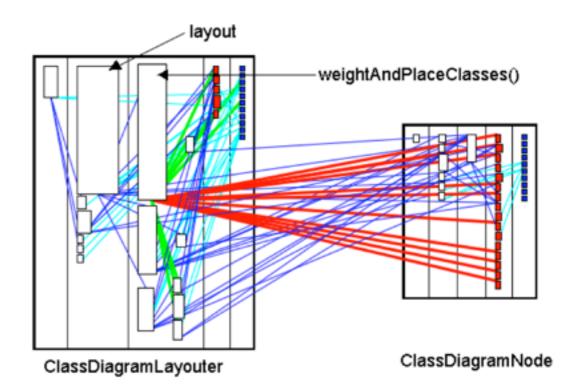
+ Inheritance depth is a good proxy for complexity

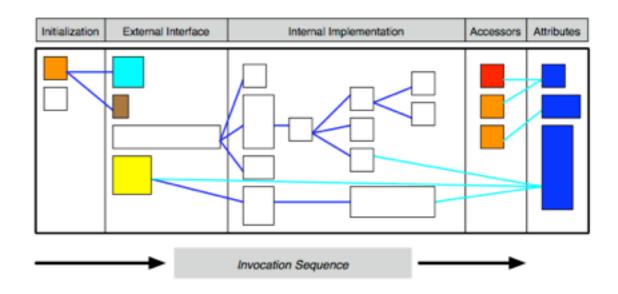


# Access To Foreign Data (ATFD)

ATFD counts how many attributes from other classes are accessed directly from a given class. (Lanza & Marinescu '06)

+ ATFD summarizes the interaction of a class with its environment







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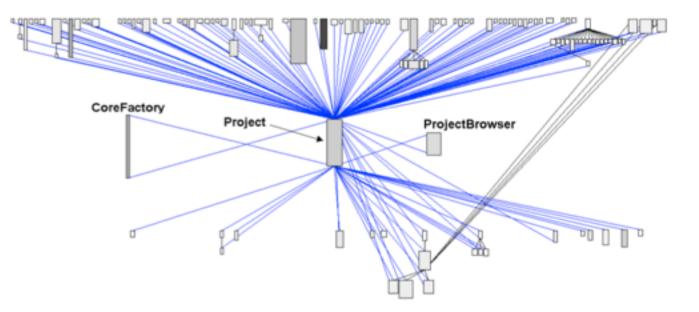
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# **Coupling Between Object Classes (CBO)**

CBO for a class is the number of other classes to which it is coupled.

(Chidamber & Kemerer '94)

+ Meant to assess modular design and reuse

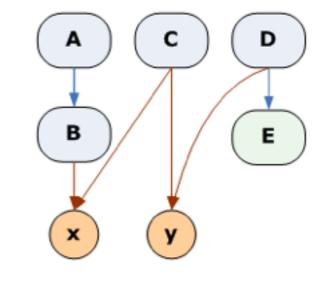


# **Tight Class Cohesion (TCC)**

TCC counts the relative number of method-pairs that access attributes of the class in common.

(Bieman & Kang, 95)

+ Can lead to improvement action



TCC = 2 / 10 = 0.2



> Measurements

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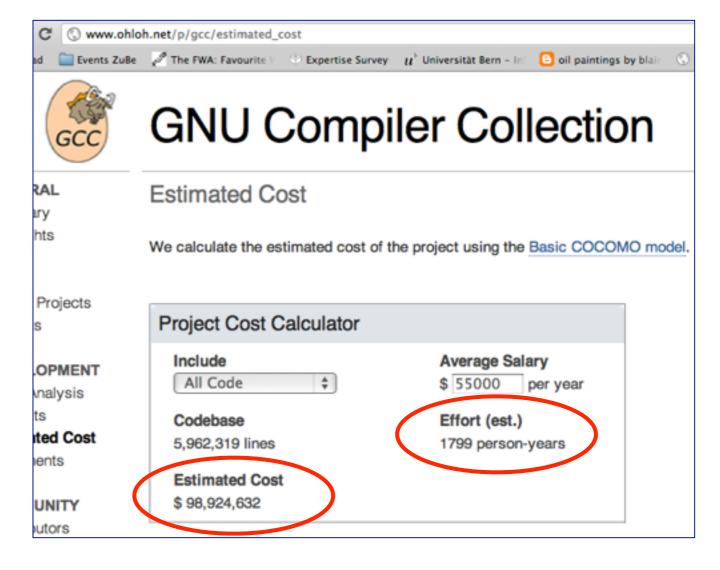
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# Man-Month/Year

#### The amount of work performed by an average developer in a month/year.



# **Function Point (FP)**

FP is a unit of measurement to express the amount of functionality an information system provides to a user.

- Risks hiding the internal functions (algorithms)



# **The Measurement Process**

The Goal-Question-Metric model proposes three steps to finding the correct metrics.

(Victor Basili)

**1)** Establish the **goals** of your maintenance or development project.

**2)** Derive, for each goal, **questions** that allow you to verify its accomplishment.

**3)** Find what should be **measured** in order to quantify the answer to the questions.





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> Measurements

### > Software Metrics

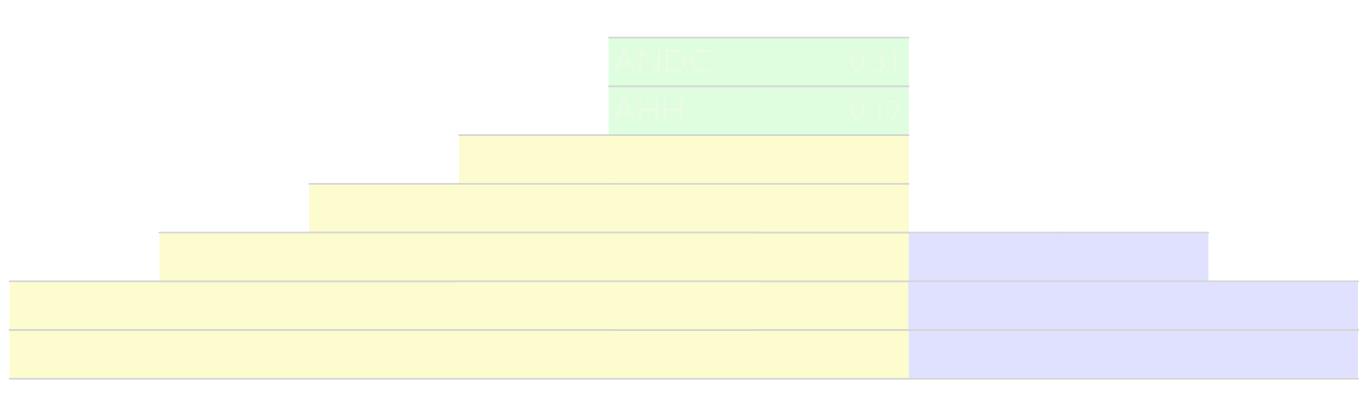
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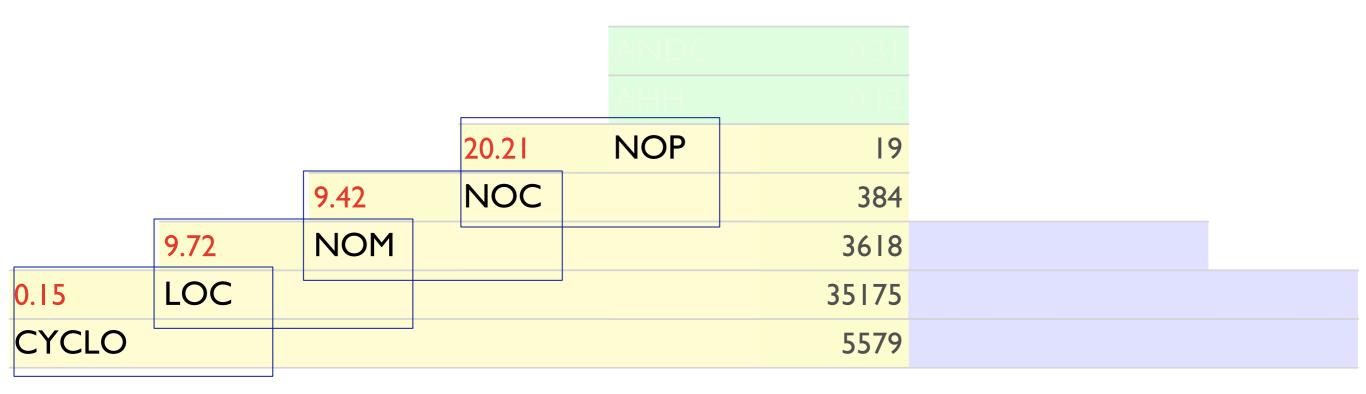
Lanza, Marinescu 2006

#### Inheritance

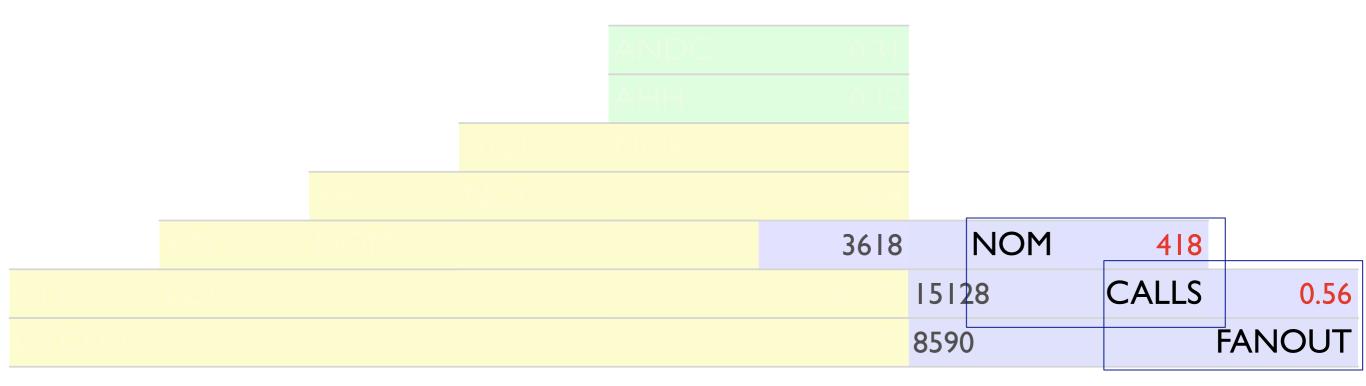


Size

Communication



Size

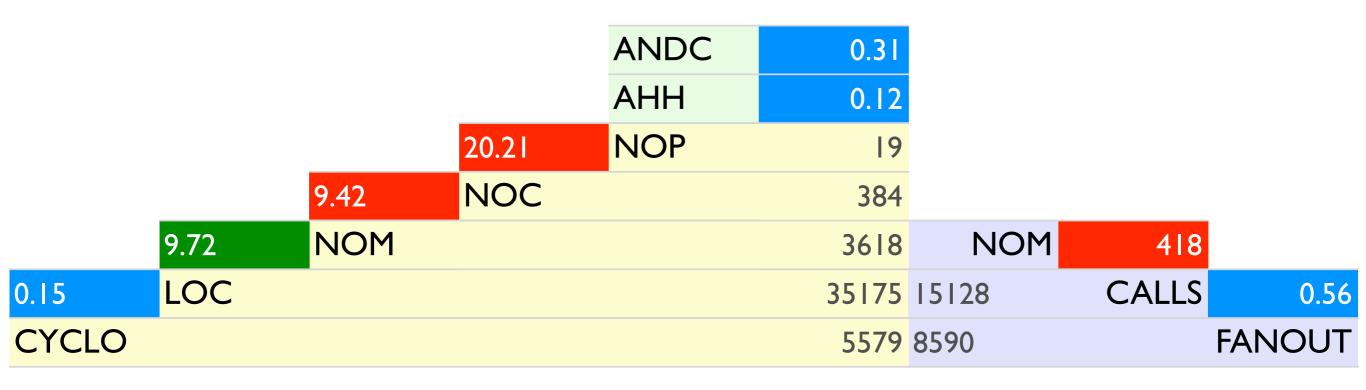


#### Communication

#### Inheritance



|       |      |      |       | ANDC | 0.31  |       |       |        |
|-------|------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
|       |      |      |       | AHH  | 0.12  |       |       |        |
|       |      |      | 20.21 | NOP  | 19    |       |       |        |
|       |      | 9.42 | NOC   |      | 384   |       |       |        |
|       | 9.72 | NOM  |       |      | 3618  | NOM   | 418   |        |
| 0.15  | LOC  |      |       |      | 35175 | 15128 | CALLS | 0.56   |
| CYCLO |      |      |       |      | 5579  | 8590  |       | FANOUT |

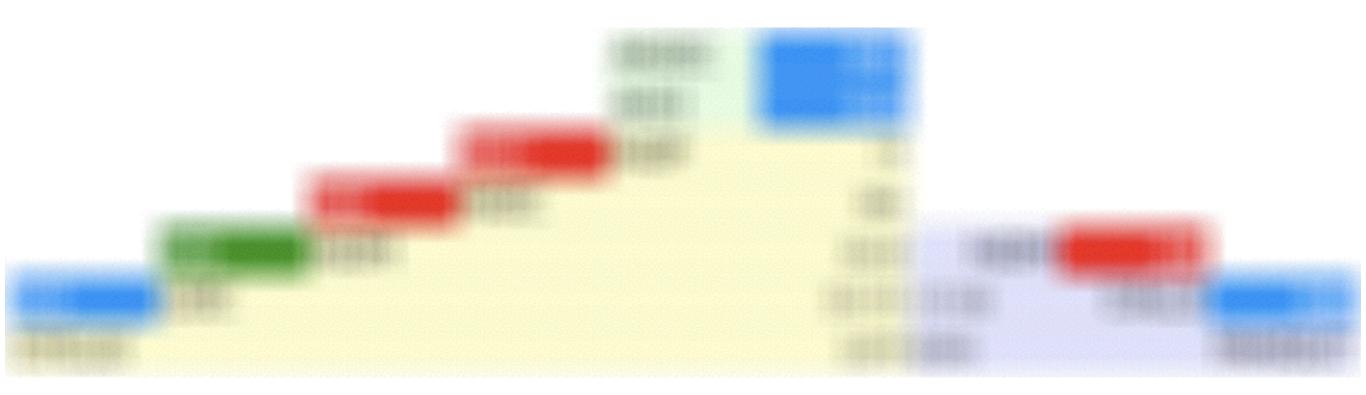




close to average

close to low





close to high

close to average

close to low

## How to obtain the thresholds?

|           |      | Java |      |      | C++  |      |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
|           | LOW  | AVG  | HIGH | LOW  | AVG  | HIGH |
| CYCLO/LOC | 0.16 | 0.20 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.25 | 0.30 |
| LOC/NOM   | 7    | 10   | 13   | 5    | 10   | 16   |
| NOM/NOC   | 4    | 7    | 10   | 4    | 9    | 15   |
| •••       |      |      |      |      |      |      |

Statistical static analysis of reference systems Context is important (e.g. programming language)



> Measurements

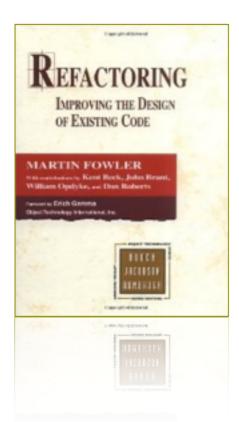
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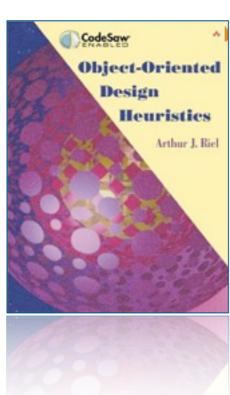
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# **Design Problems and Principles**



. . .

#### Bad Smells Comments Switch Statement Shotgun Surgery



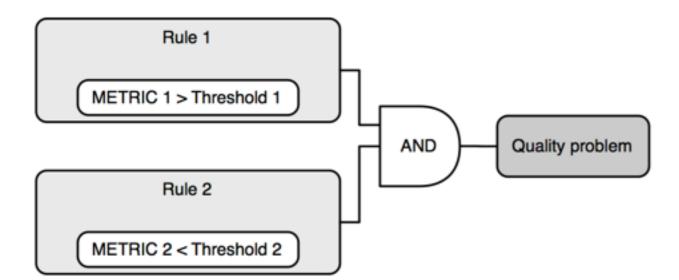
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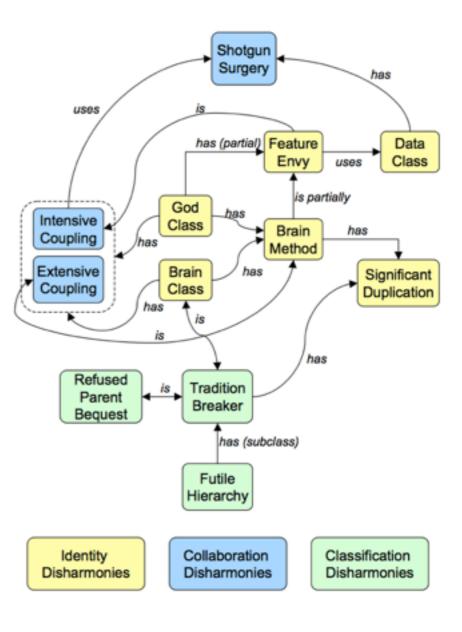
Design Heuristics Encapsulation Minimize Coupling Class Coherence Inheritance Depth

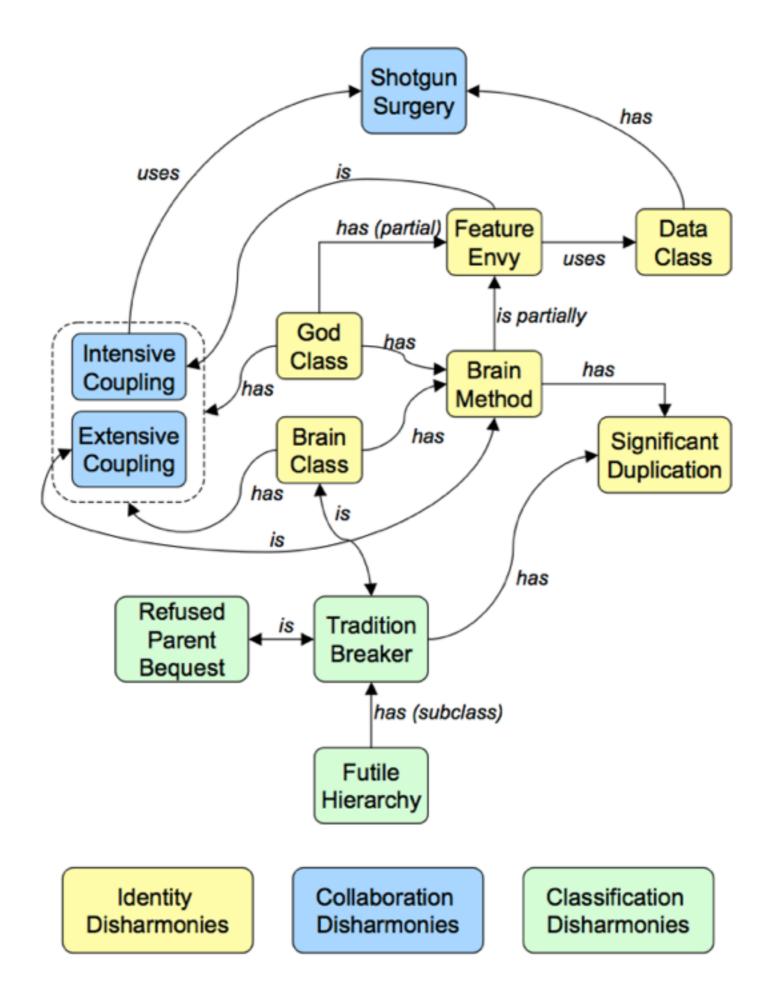
Design principles come in prose - how to measure them? Rarely a single metric is sufficient >>> Detection Strategies

### **Detection Strategies...**

#### ... are metric based queries for detecting design problems (Lanza & Marinescu 2002)









... tend to **centralize the intelligence** of the system, to **do everything**, and to **use data** from small data-classes

### God Classes ...

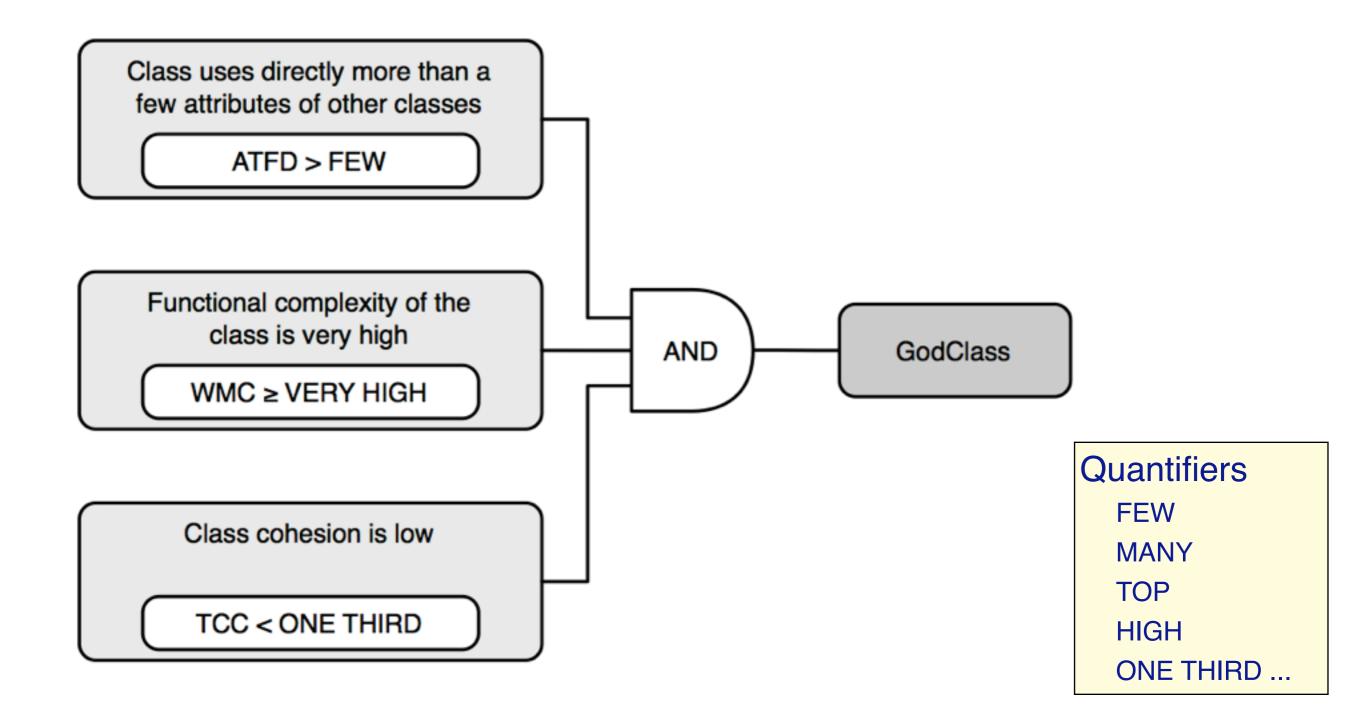
### **Complexity (WMC)**

... tend to centralize the intelligence of the system, to do everything, and to use data from small data-classes

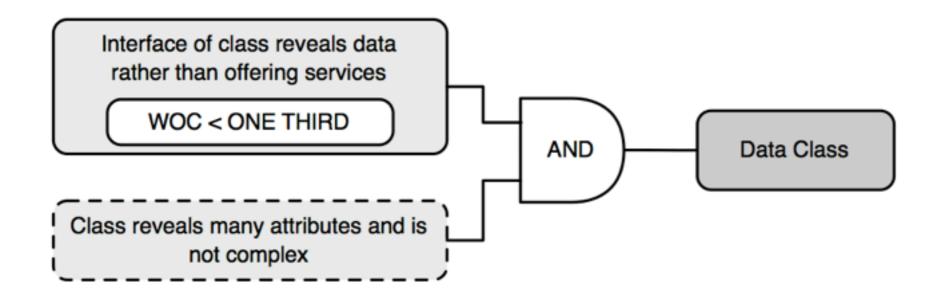
Lack of cohesion (TCC)

### Foreign data usage (ATFD)

## **God Classes**

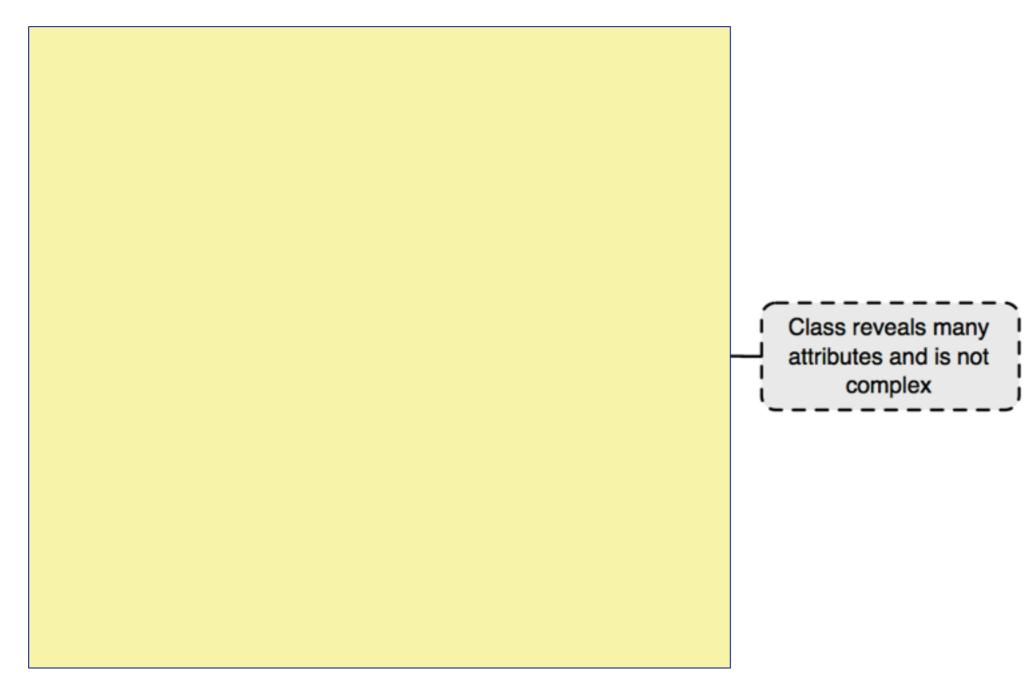


## Data Classes are dumb data holders



| WOC - Weight Of a Class |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Definition              | The number of "functional" public methods divided by the total number of public members (Mar02a) |

## Data Classes are dumb data holders



NOAP = #Public Attributes, NOAM = #Accessor Methods

### Feature Envy is ...

### This one you find in the Lanza-Marinescu Book!

# Roadmap



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Report on a conference sponsored by the NATO SCIENCE COMMITTEE Garmisch, Germany, 7th to 11th October 1968

Chairman: Professor Dr. F. L. Bauer Co-chairmen: Professor L. Bolliet, Dr. H. J. Helms

Editors: Peter Naur and Brian Randell

January 1969

### McClure:

I know of one organisation that attempts to apply time and motion standards to the output of programmers. They judge a programmer by the amount of code he produces. This is guaranteed to produce insipid code — code which does the right thing but which is twice as long as necessary.

### **FAMIX 3.0**

- > Meta-model
- > Core independent of programming language
- > Implemented in Moose

| Entity | SourcedEntity |
|--------|---------------|

SourceAnchor element: SourcedEntity -> sourceAnchor

|  | NamedEntity   |   |
|--|---|---|
|  | isFinal: Boolean<br>isProtected: Boolean<br>name: String<br>isPackage: Boolean<br>isAbstract: Boolean<br>isPrivate: Boolean<br>/belongsTo: ContainerEntity<br>modifiers: String*<br>isStub: Boolean<br>parentPackage: Package -> child<br>/receivingInvocations: Invocation | dNamedEntities<br>n* -> receiver  |
| SourcedEntity<br>sourceAnchor: SourceAnchor -> element<br>/comments: Comment* -> container |   |   |
|  | Comment<br>content: String<br>container: SourcedEntity -> con   | nments  |
|  | Association<br>/next: Association -> previous<br>previous: Association -> next<br>/from: NamedEntity<br>/to: NamedEntity  | candidates: Be<br>receiver: Nam<br>signature: Stri<br>receiverSource<br>sender: Behav<br>isWrite: Boolea<br>(isRead: Boole<br>accessor: Behav<br>variable: Struct<br>source: Contai<br>target: Contai<br>farget: Contai |

Entity

name: String isPackage: Boolean isAbstract: Boolean isPrivate: Boolean /belongsTo: ContainerEntity modifiers: String\* isStub: Boolean parentPackage: Package -> childNamedEntities /receivingInvocations: Invocation\* -> receiver

ContainerEntity

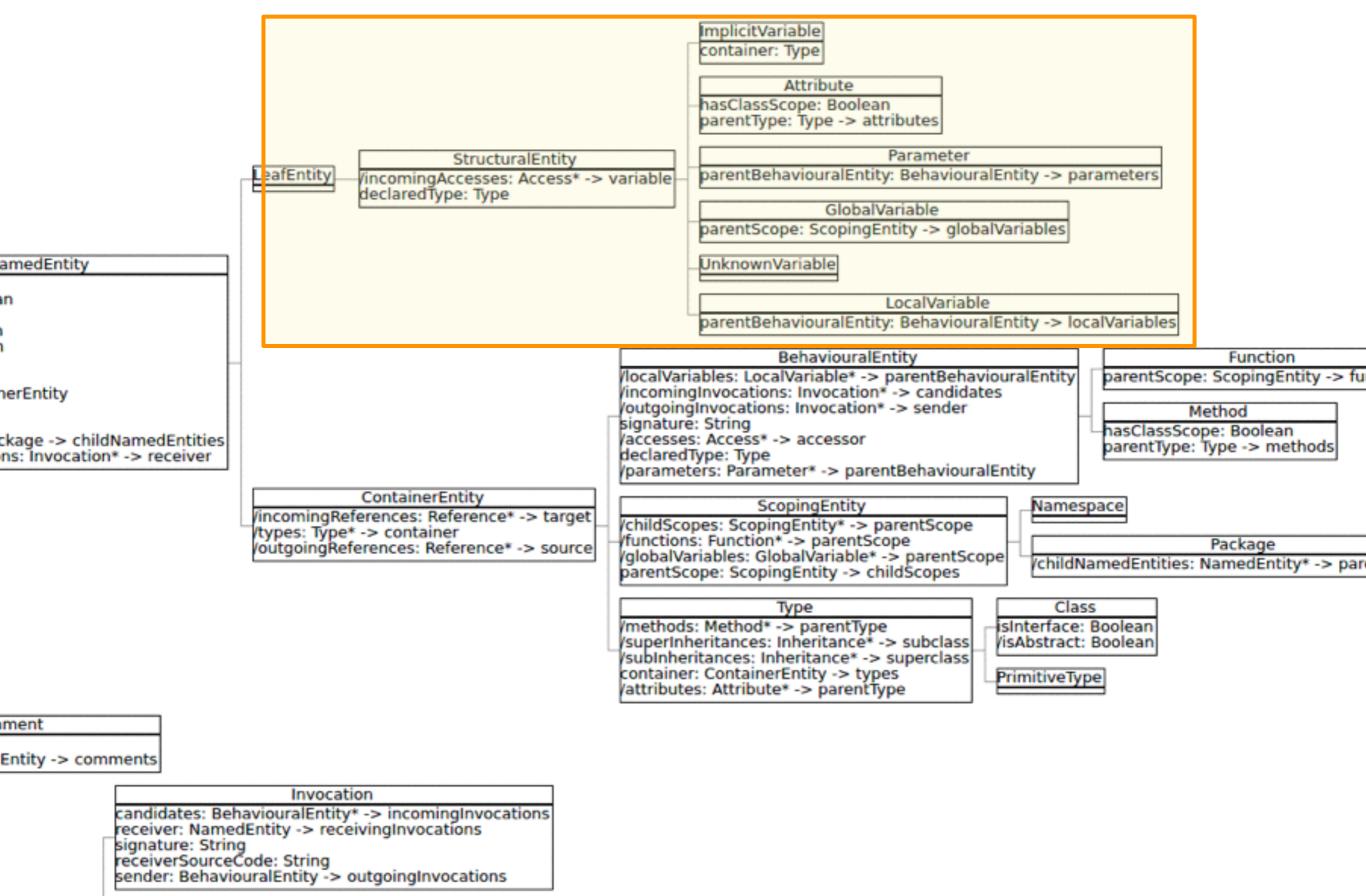
/incomingReferences: Reference\* -> tar /types: Type\* -> container /outgoingReferences: Reference\* -> sou

| Comment                              |
|--------------------------------------|
| content: String                      |
| container: SourcedEntity -> comments |

| Invocation  |  |
|---|--|
| candidates: BehaviouralEntity* -> incomingInvo<br>receiver: NamedEntity -> receivingInvocations<br>signature: String<br>receiverSourceCode: String<br>sender: BehaviouralEntity -> outgoingInvocation |  |
| Association   |  |
| ISWRITE: Boolean  |  |
| next: Association -> previous //isRead: Boolean   |  |
| from: NamedEntity<br>/to: NamedEntity   |  |
| Reference   |  |
| –source: ContainerEntity -> outgoingReferences<br>target: ContainerEntity -> incomingReferences   |  |
| Inheritance<br>subclass: Type -> superInheritances<br>superclass: Type -> subInheritances   |  |

Entity SourcedEntity sourceAnchor: SourceAnchor -> element

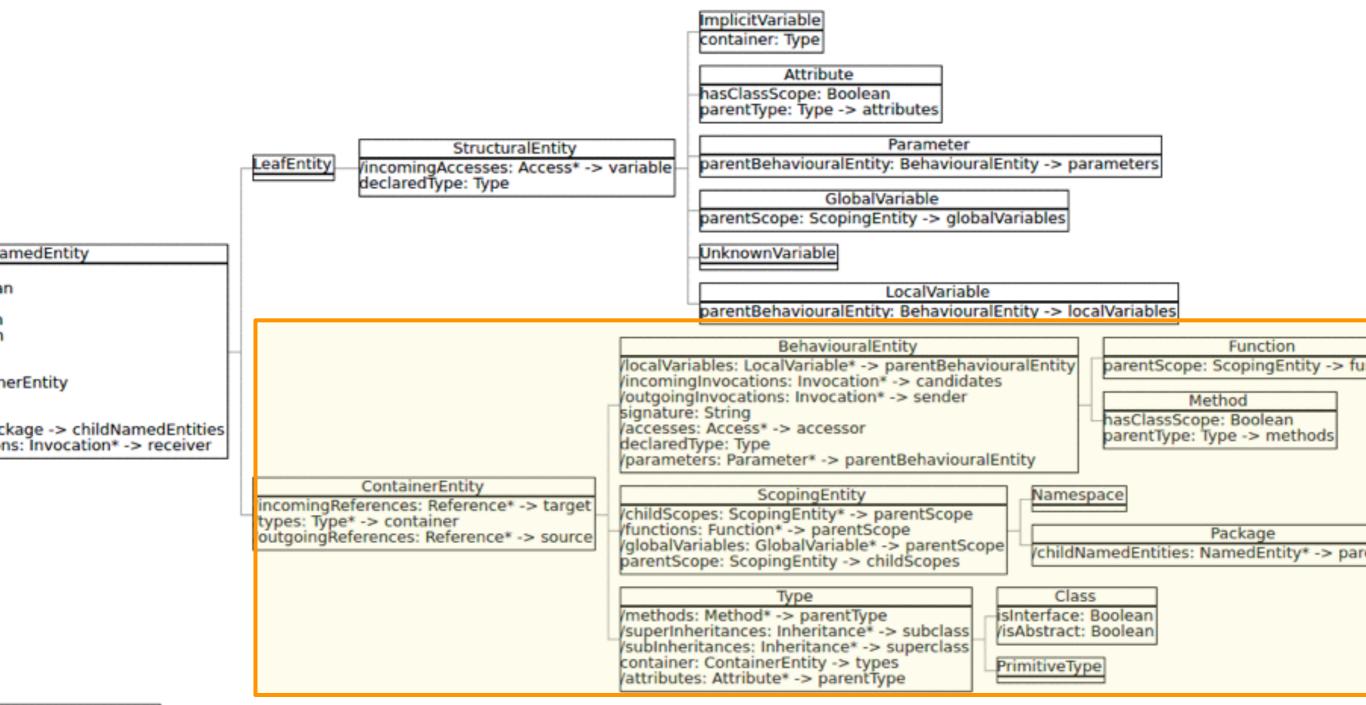
comments: Comment\* -> container



|      | Access                                |
|------|---------------------------------------|
| ious | isWrite: Boolean<br>-/isRead: Boolean |

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> previ



ment

Entity -> comments

|            | Invocation  |
|------------|---|
|            | candidates: BehaviouralEntity* -> incomingInvocations<br>receiver: NamedEntity -> receivingInvocations<br>signature: String<br>receiverSourceCode: String<br>sender: BehaviouralEntity -> outgoingInvocations |
|            | Access  |
| > previous | isWrite: Boolean<br>-/isRead: Boolean   |

# What you should know!

- > Software metrics are measurements
- > Every scale allows certain operations and analyses
- > Detection strategies are queries for design problem detection
- > The Goal Question Metric model has three phases
- > Bad smells encode bad OO practices
- > Design heuristics encode good OO practices

## Can you answer these questions?

- > How do you compute TCC for a given class?
- > Can you explain how the God Class detection strategy works?
- > Can you list several of the elements of the FAMIX metamodel?
- > What are three metrics appropriate for OO systems but not be appropriate for procedural systems?
- > Can you give examples of three bad smells?
- > Why are comments a bad smell? But switch clauses?
- > Can you give examples of three design heuristics?

# **Further Reading**

- > Cohesion and Reuse in Object Oriented Systems, by Bieman & Kang
- > OOMIP by Lanza and Marinescu (Sections 5.3 5.5)
- > <u>http://sourcemaking.com/refactoring/bad-smells-in-code</u>
- > <u>http://scg.unibe.ch/staff/mircea/sde/60-design-heuristics</u>



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