

Compacting WebAssembly

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What is WebAssembly?

- binary instruction format
- stack-based VM

- runs client-side in/near JS-VM at near native speed
- integrates with JS
 - call WASM function from JS and vice-versa

- many more uses coming up



WEBASSEMBLY

What is WebAssembly?



WEBASSEMBLY

- universal compilation target
 - C, C++, Go, Java, Javascript, Kotlin, Lua, Perl, PHP, Prolog, Ruby, Rust, Swift, ...
- efficient and fast
 - single-pass parsing and validation with zero lookahead
 - only 4 types (i32, i64, f32, f64)
- text format based on S-expressions

Code Example

Java

```
int f(int x, int y) {  
    return x * (x - y);  
}
```

.wat

```
(func $f  
  (param $x i32)  
  (param $y i32)  
  (result i32)  
  (return  
    (i32.mul  
      (get_local $x)  
      (i32.sub  
        (get_local $x)  
        (get_local $y))))))
```

.wasm

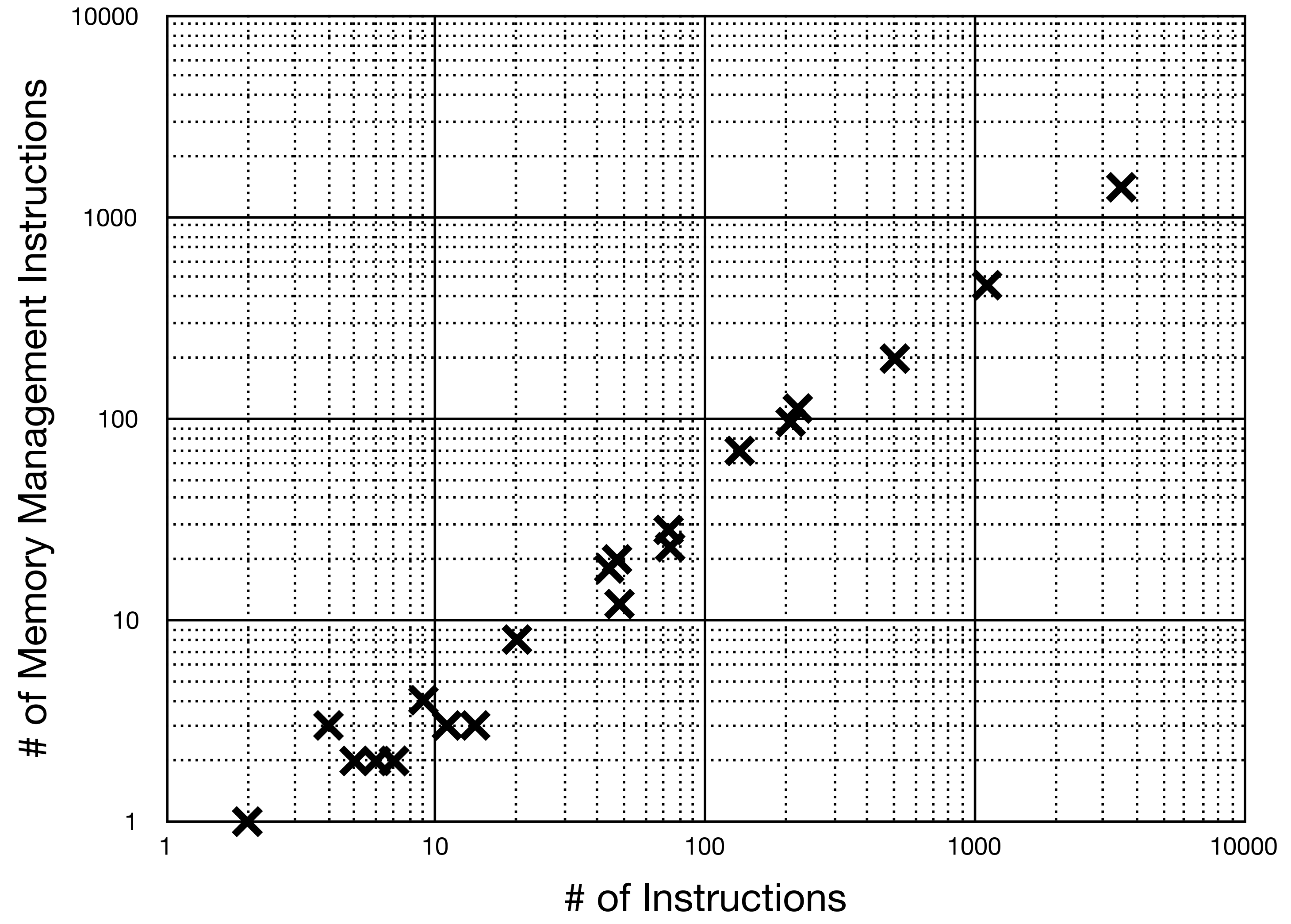
```
0x60      function signature  
0x02      2 parameters  
0x7f 0x7f i32, i32  
0x01      1 return type  
0x7f      i32  
...  
0x0b      length: 11 bytes  
0x00      no local variables  
0x20 0x00 local.get 0  
0x20 0x00 local.get 0  
0x20 0x01 local.get 1  
0x6b      i32.sub  
0x6c      i32.mul  
0x0f      return  
0x0b      end
```

Motivation

- WASM is a stack machine
- source language may not be stack-based
- a lot of memory management code in binary (~40%)

Question: Can we reduce the amount of memory management?

→ reduce # of instructions, binary size



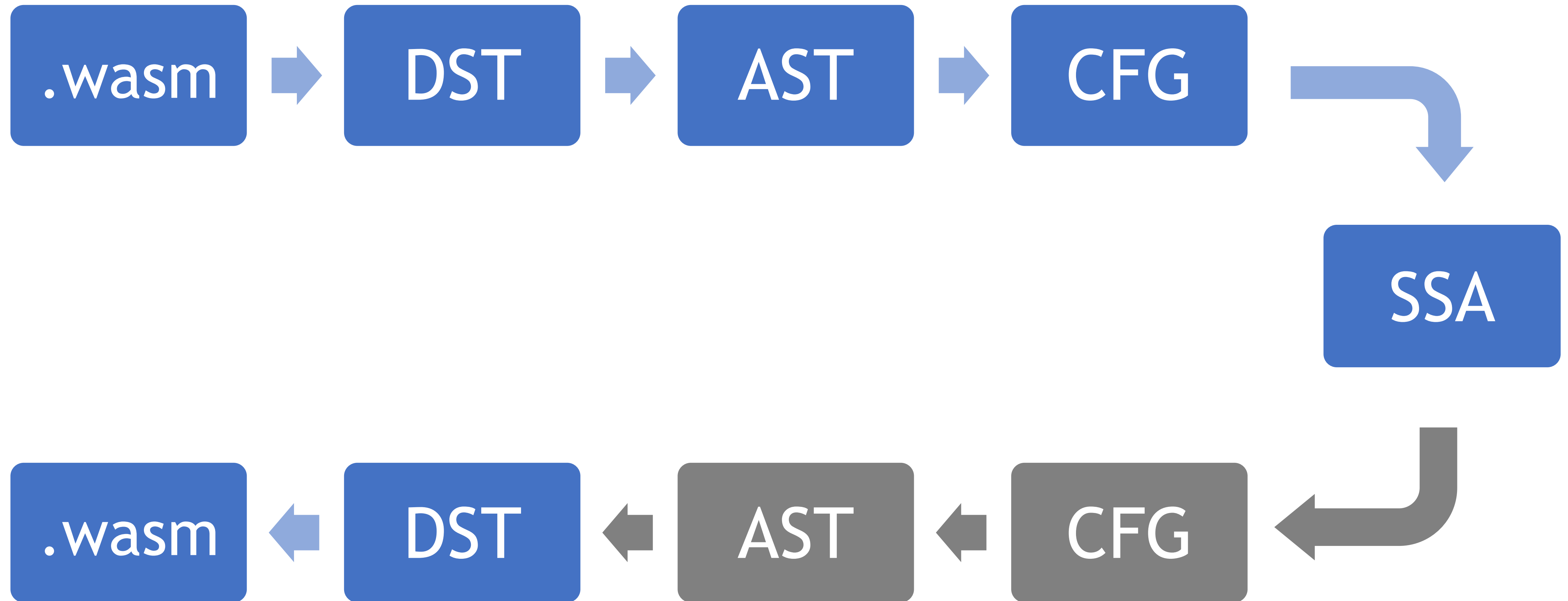
Approaches

1. Improve *emscripten* (LLVM \rightarrow asm.js/WASM compiler)
2. Implement stand-alone optimiser
 - applicable to pre-existing binaries
 - evaluate different WASM compilers

Constraints

- restricted stack manipulation
 - drop/pop, ~~dup/copy, swap/exch, pick/index, pull/roll~~
- classical optimisation algorithms not applicable
 - e.g. Koopman, 1992
- optimise through instruction reordering only!

Setup



AST to CFG

- produce a control-flow graph from the AST any function
- create a block for each control-flow instruction
 - *block, loop, ifelse*
- link blocks together according to implicit branching and explicit branching instructions
 - *br, br_if, br_table, return, end*
- sanitise graph

Example

Java

```
int f(int x, int y) {
    int temp = 0;
    if(y < x) {
        temp = x - y;
    } else {
        temp = y - x;
    }
    return 2 * temp;
}
```

.wasm

```
local.get 0
local.get 1
i32.lte_s
if [i32]
    local.get 0
    local.get 1
    i32.sub
else
    local.get 1
    local.get 0
    i32.sub
end
i32.const 2
i32.mul
return
end
```

Example

.wasm

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Example

.wasm

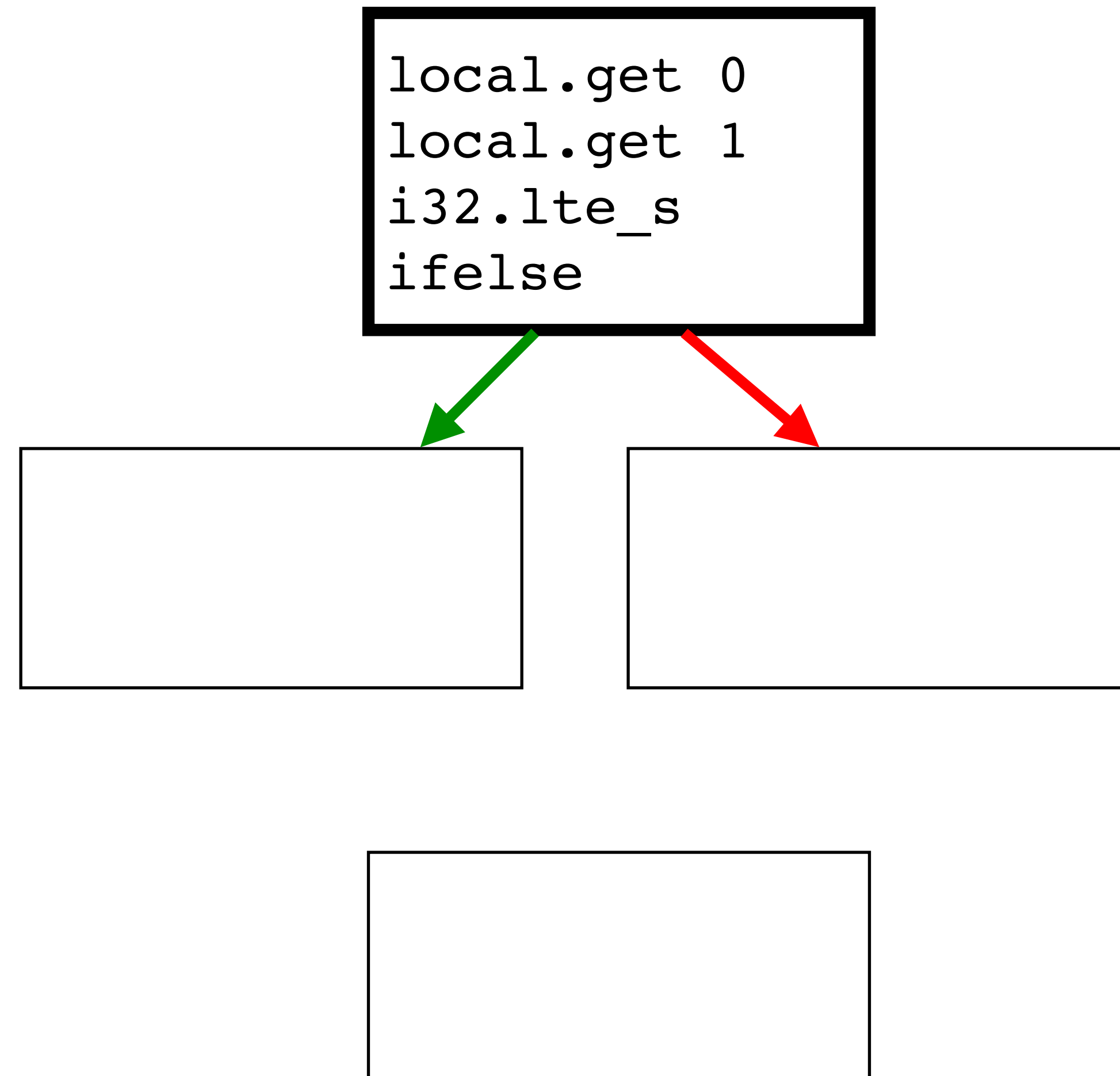
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```
local.get 0  
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Example

.wasm

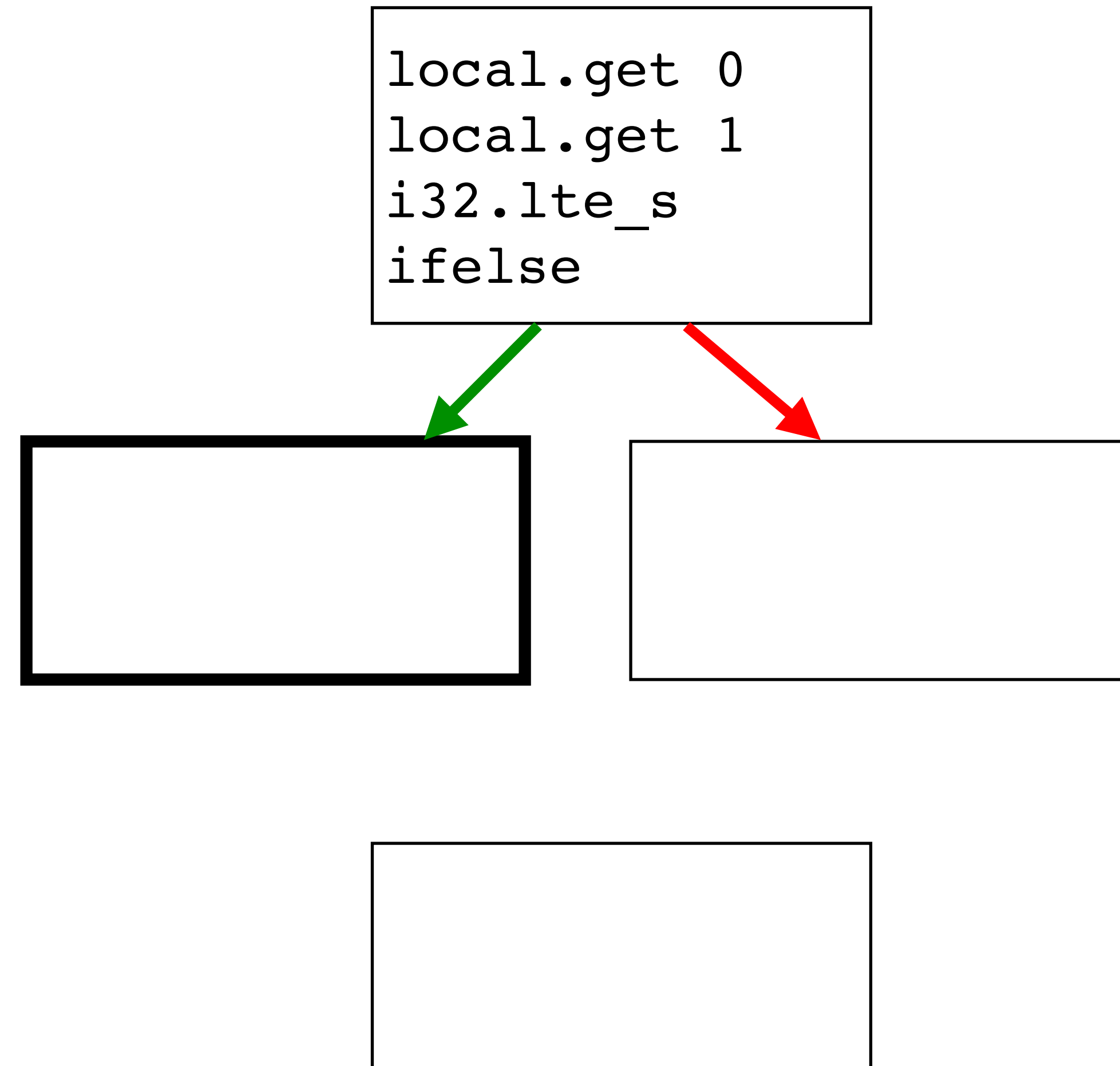
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Example

.wasm

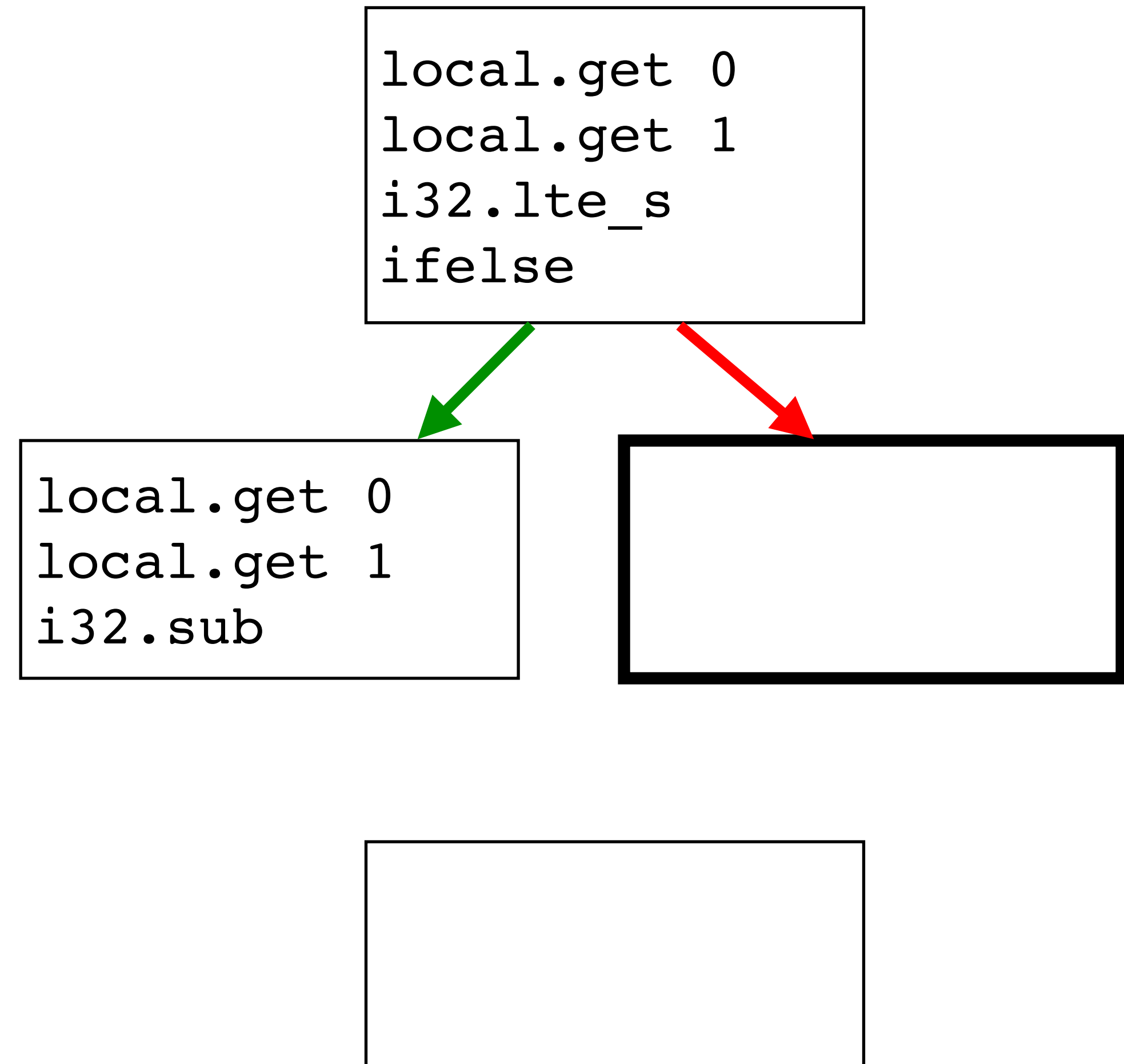
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Example

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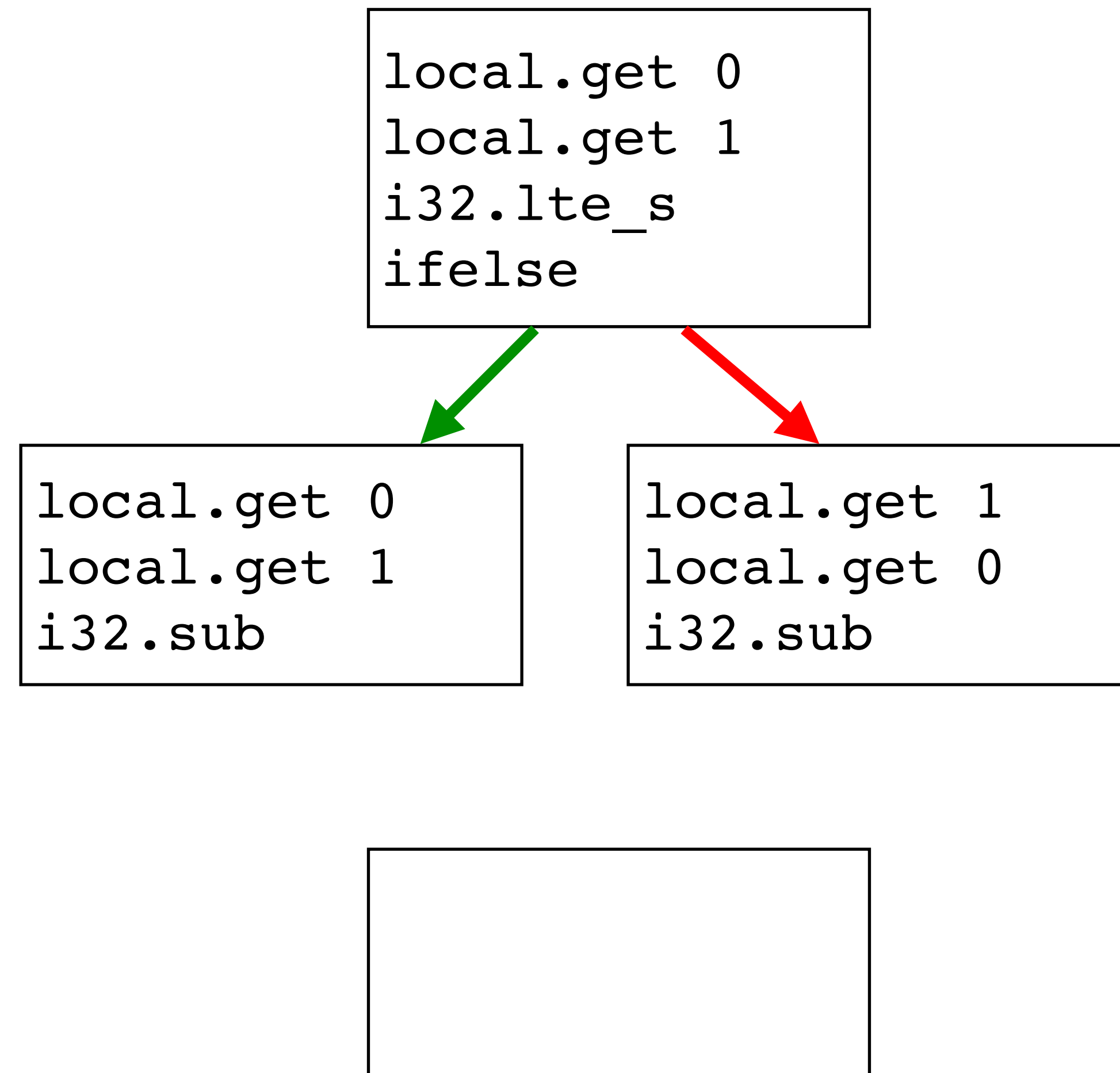
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Example

.wasm

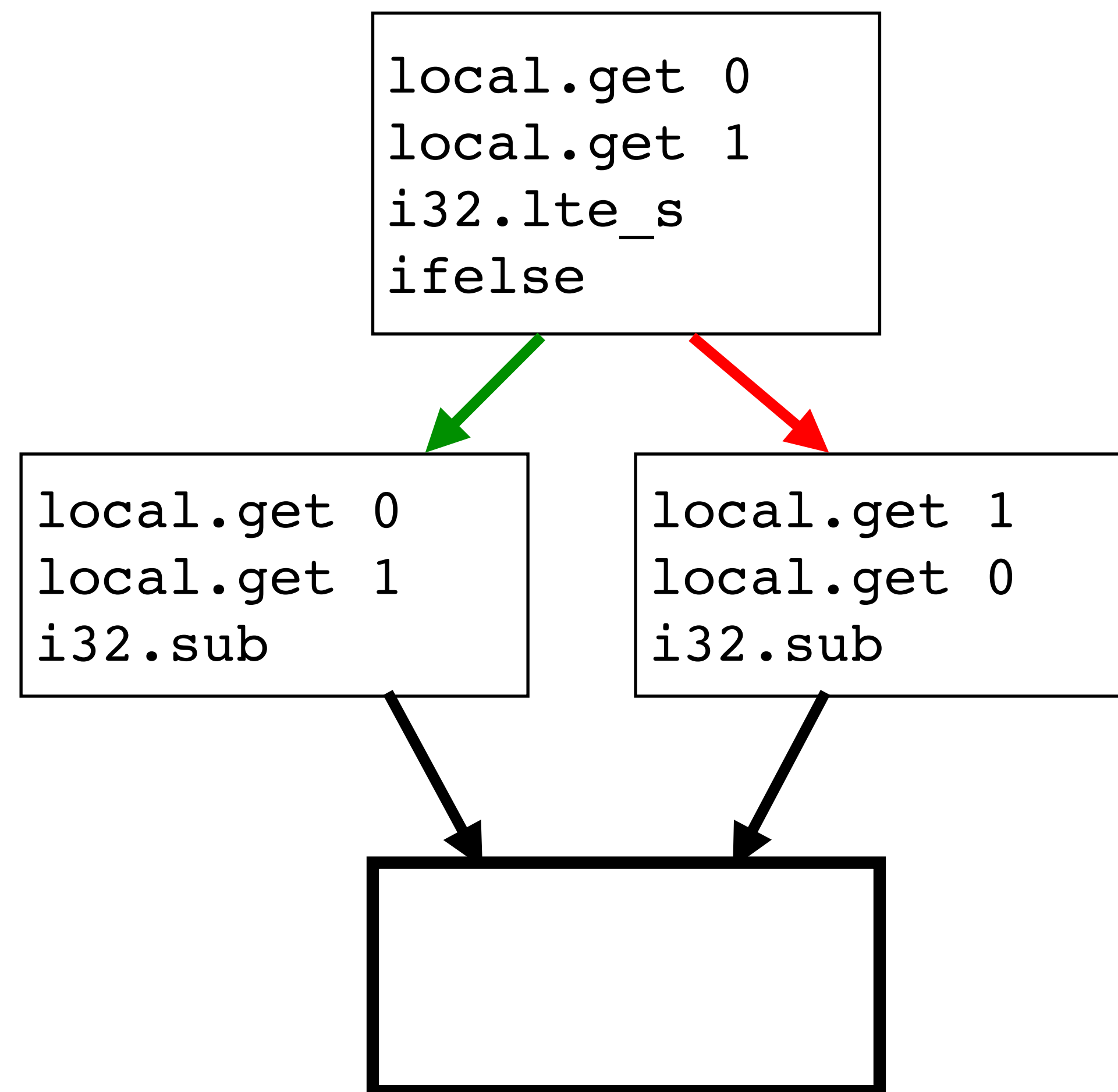
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Example

.wasm

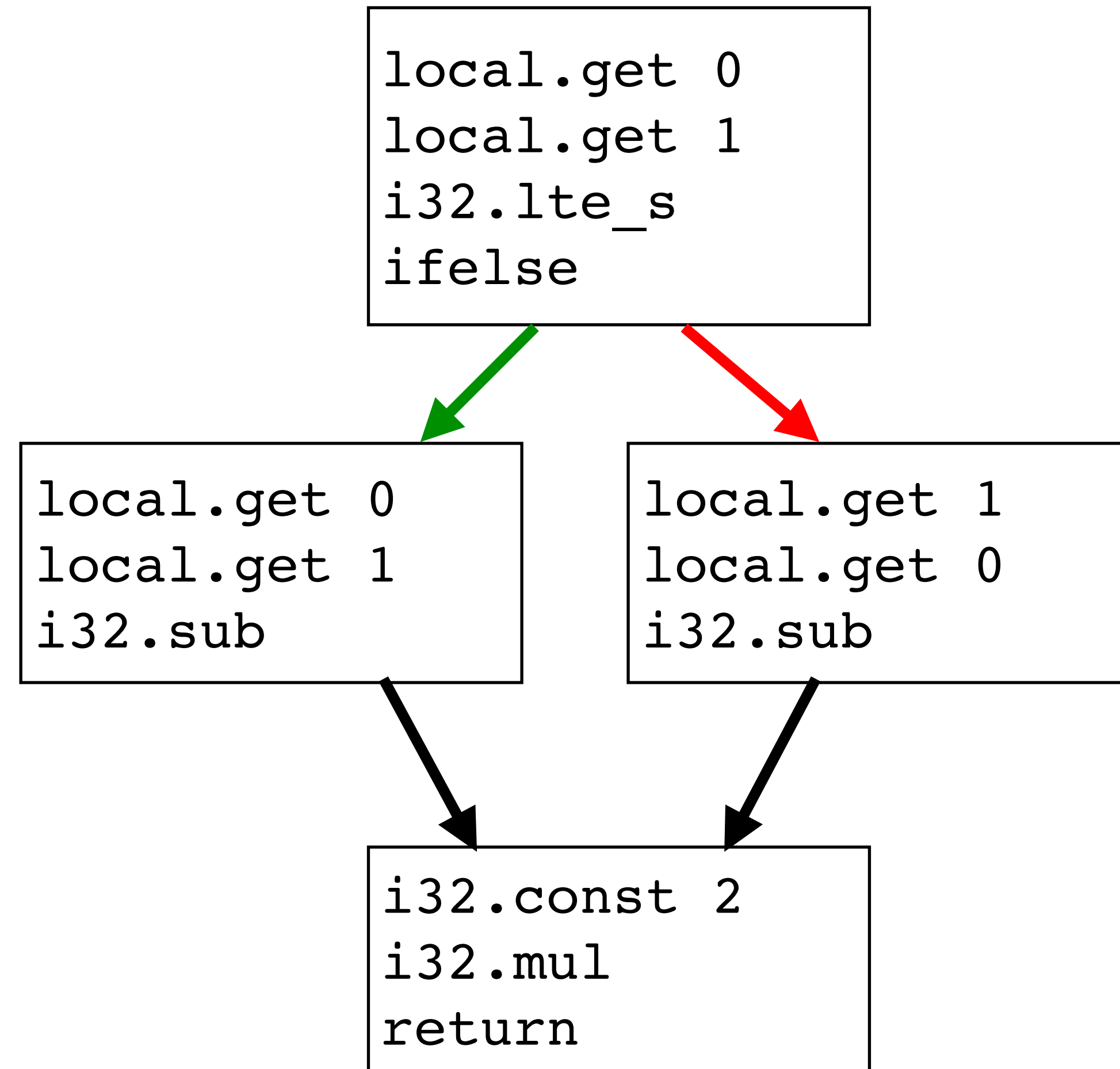
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Example

.wasm

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CFG to SSA

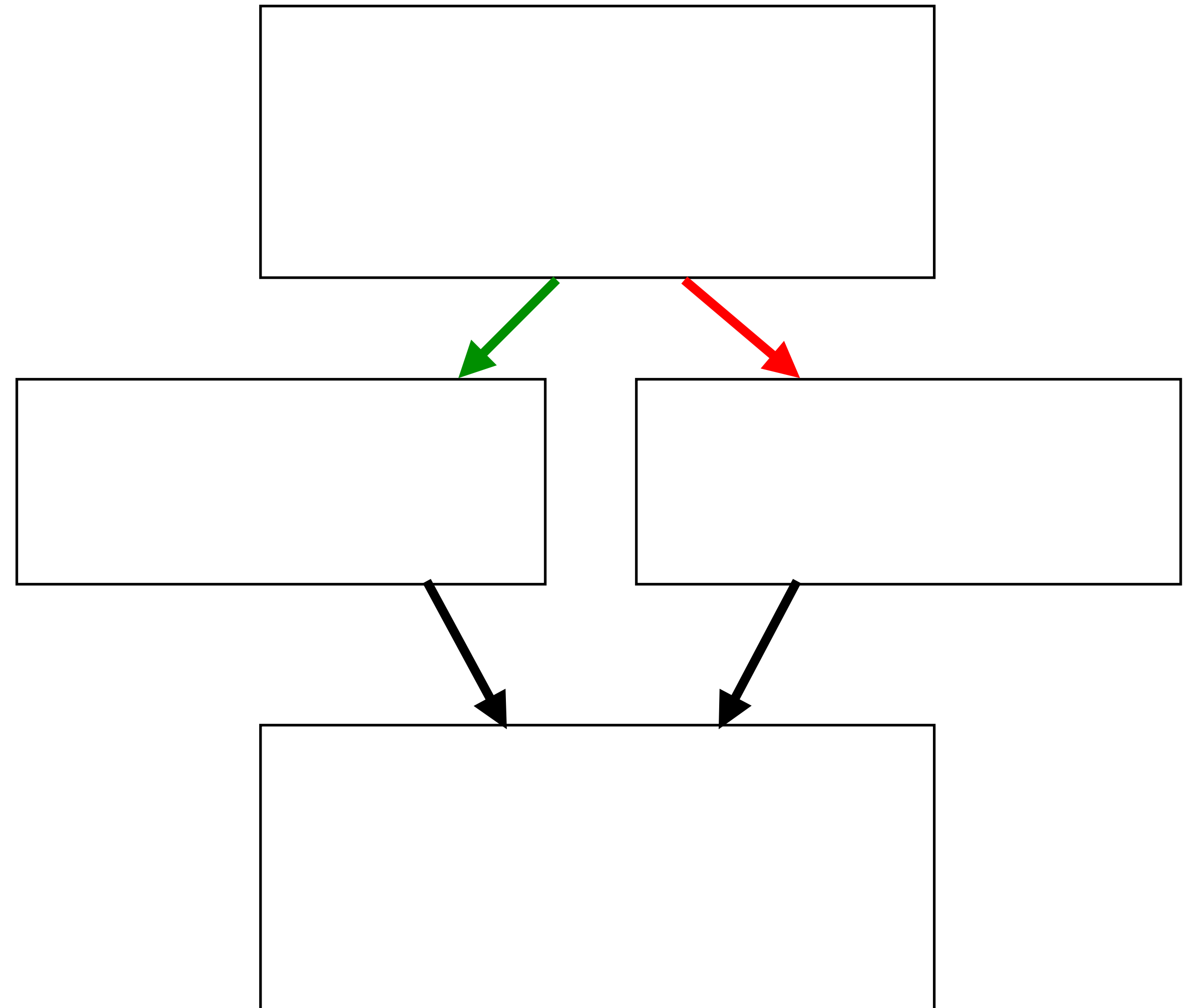
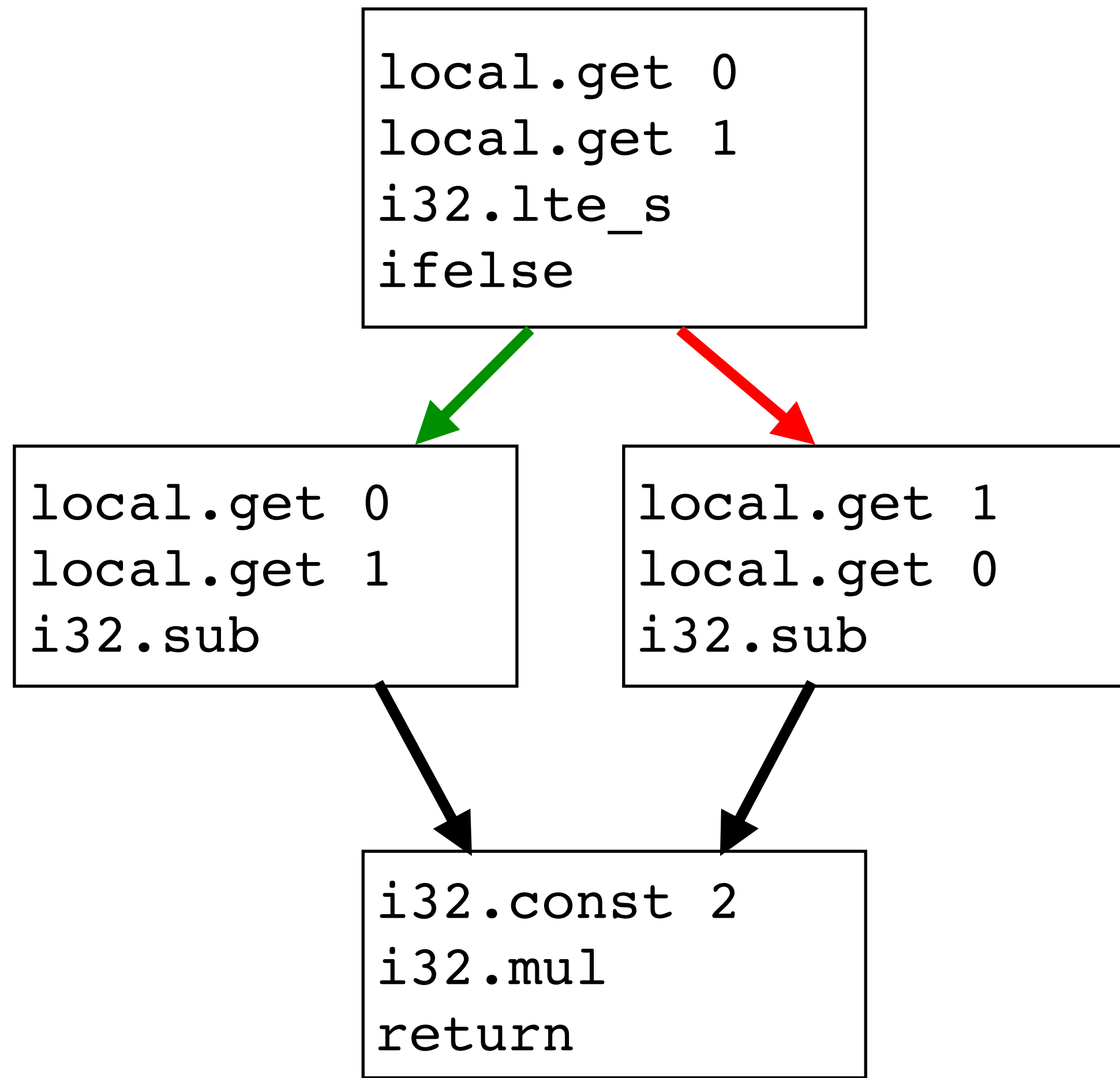
Convert the CFG into *Single Static Assignment Form* IR

- remove memory management with symbolic names
- insert φ -statements to resolve conflicts
- reduce unnecessary φ 's and assignments

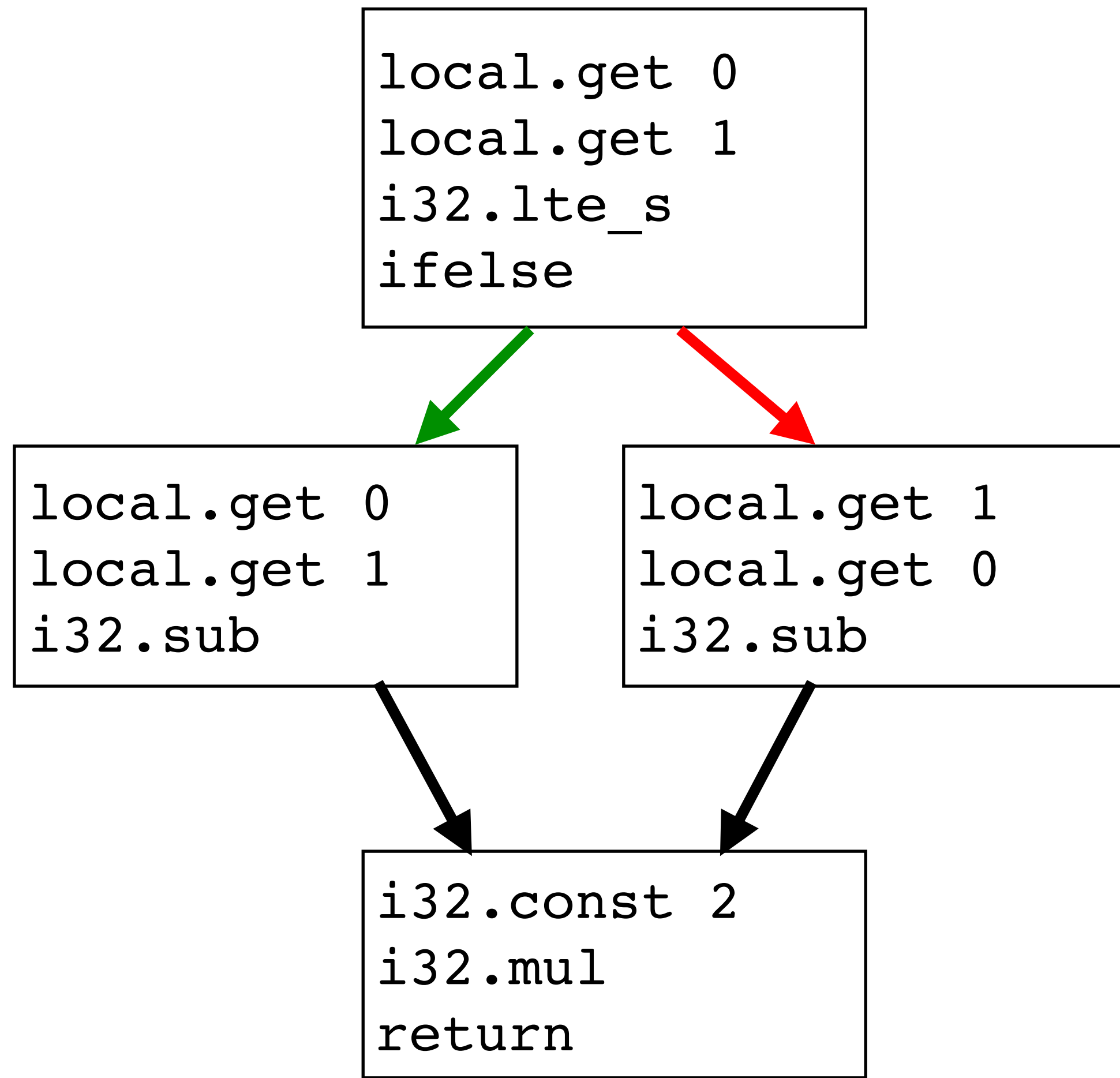
$$y := \varphi(x, x) \rightarrow y := x$$

$$y := x, z := f(y) \rightarrow z := f(x)$$

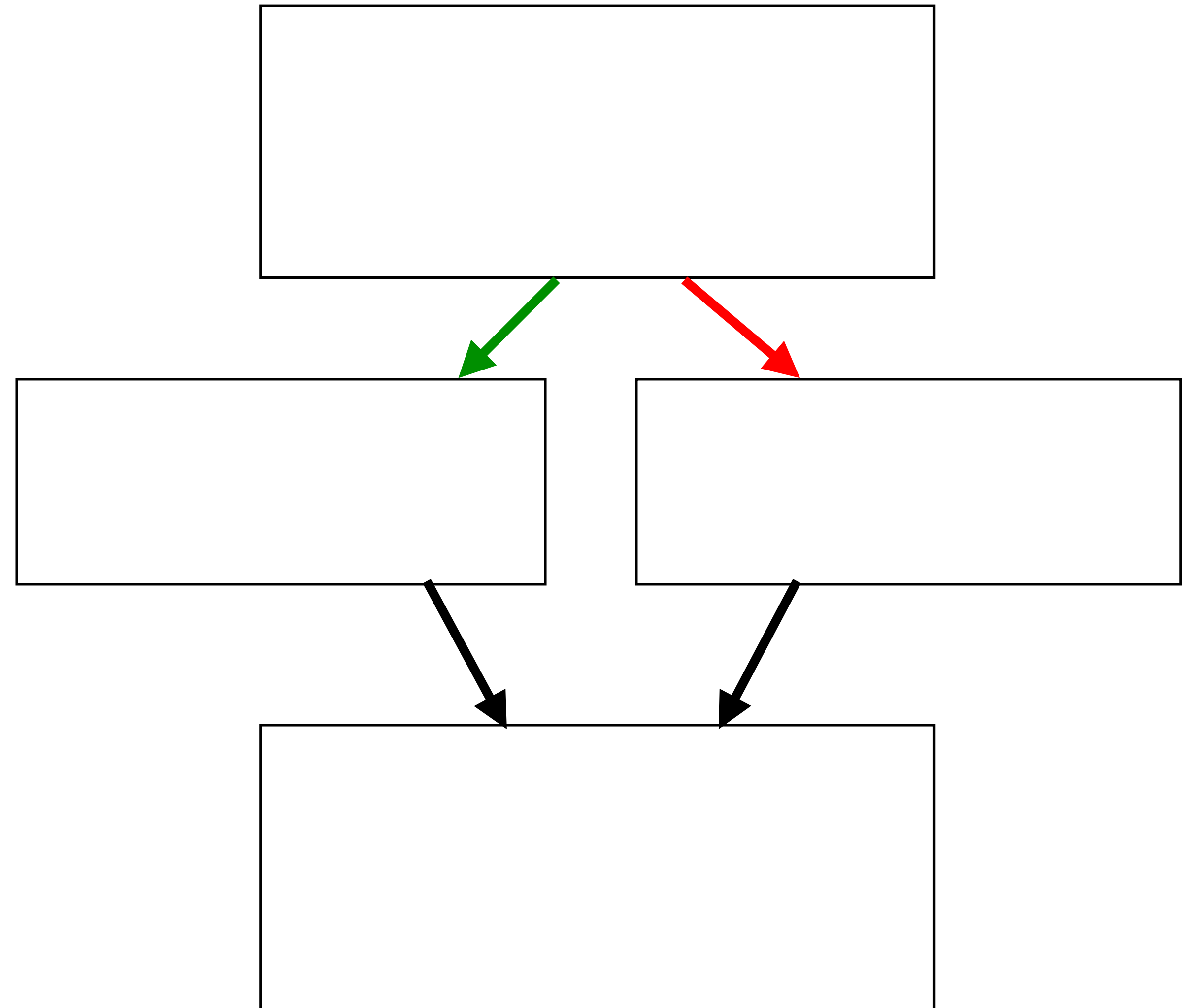
Example



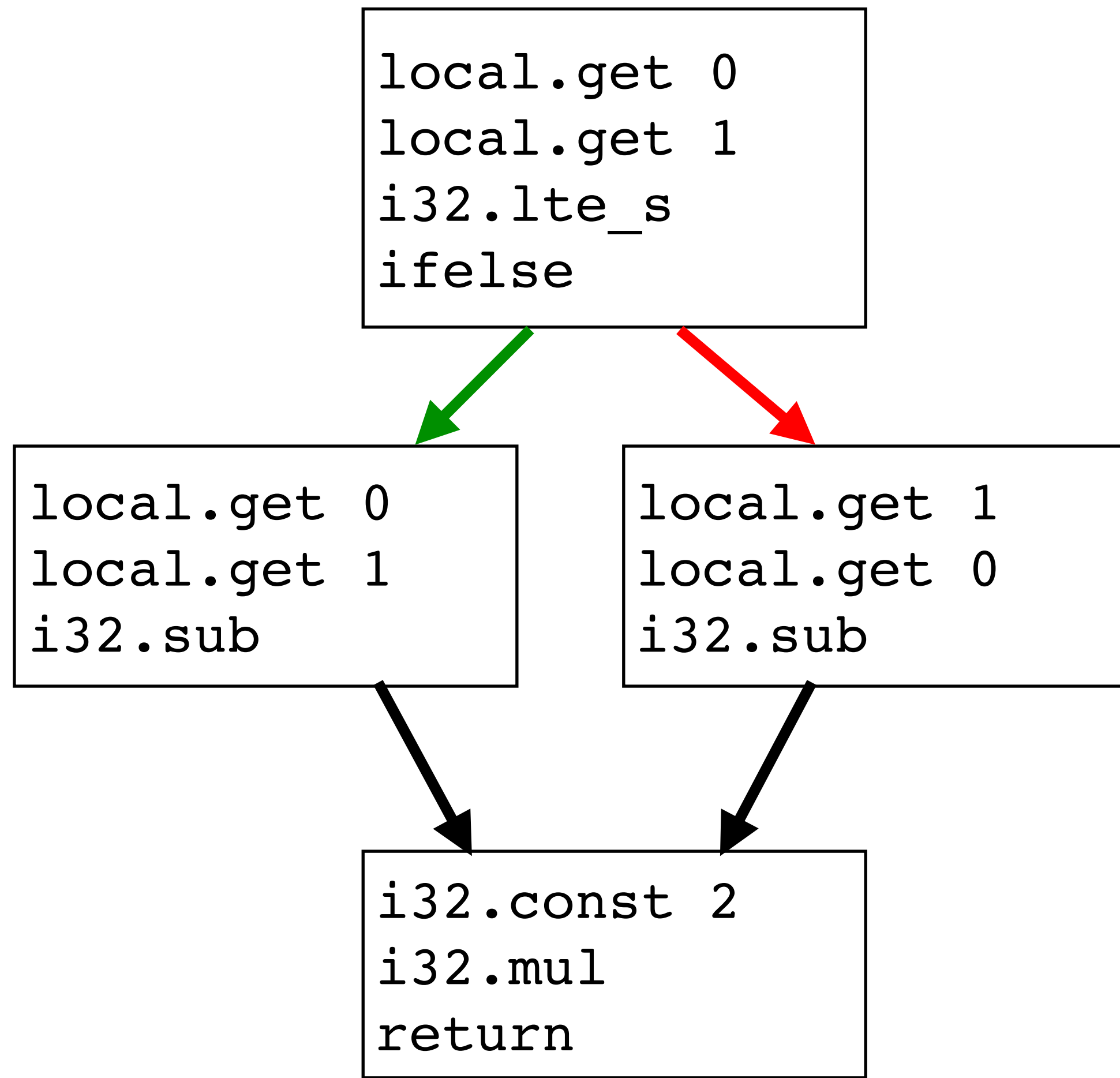
Example



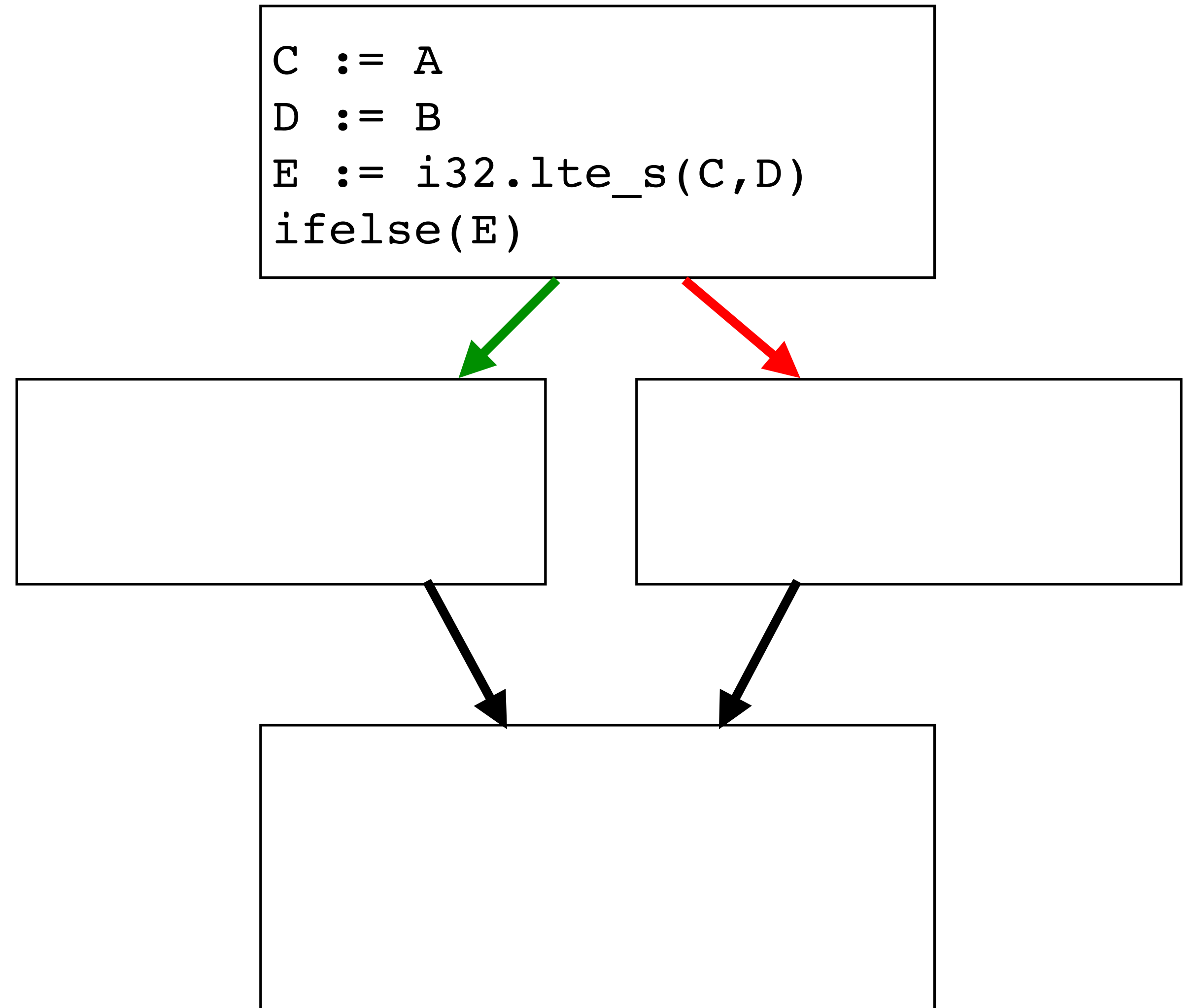
```
A := local[0]  
B := local[1]
```



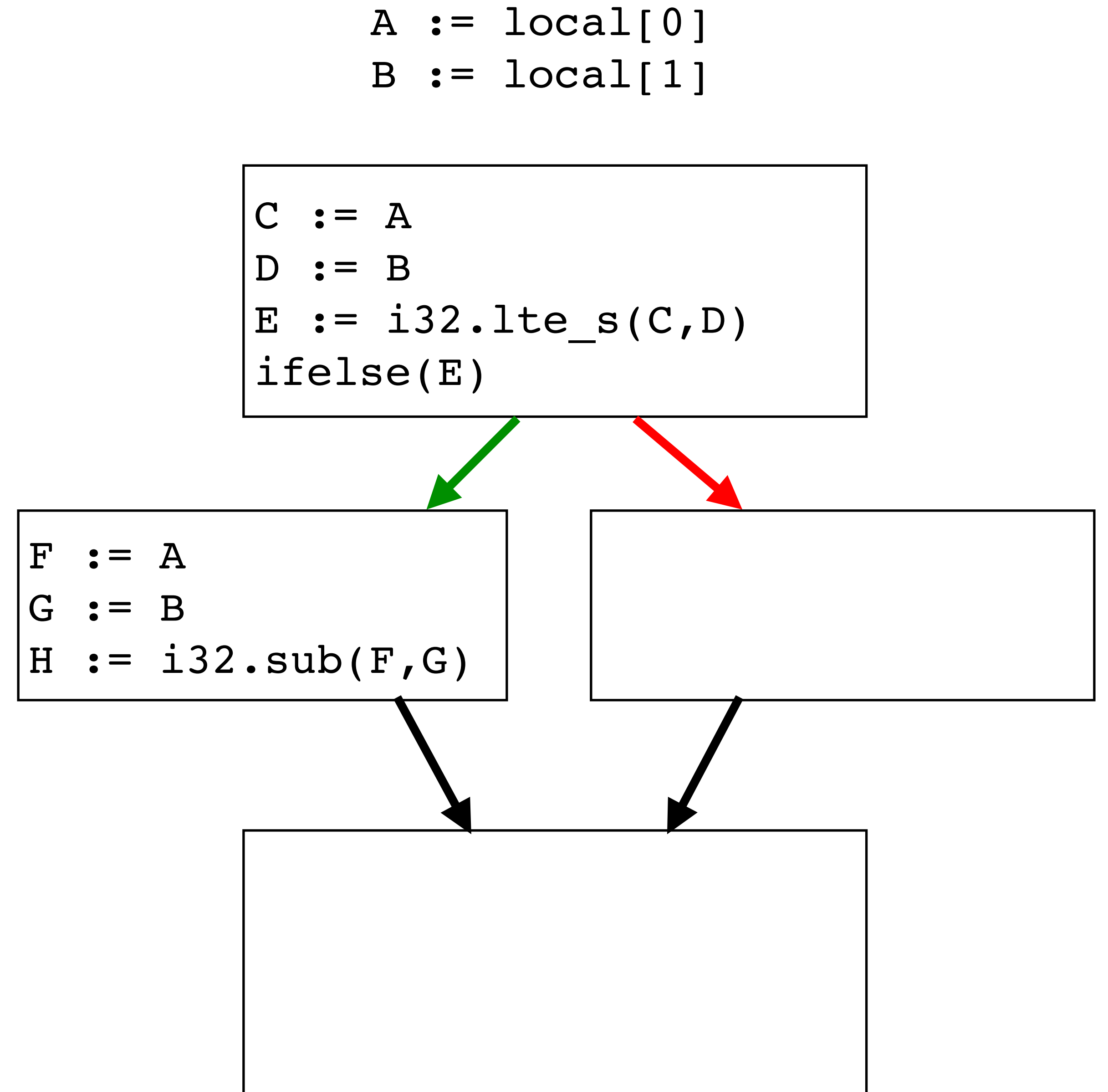
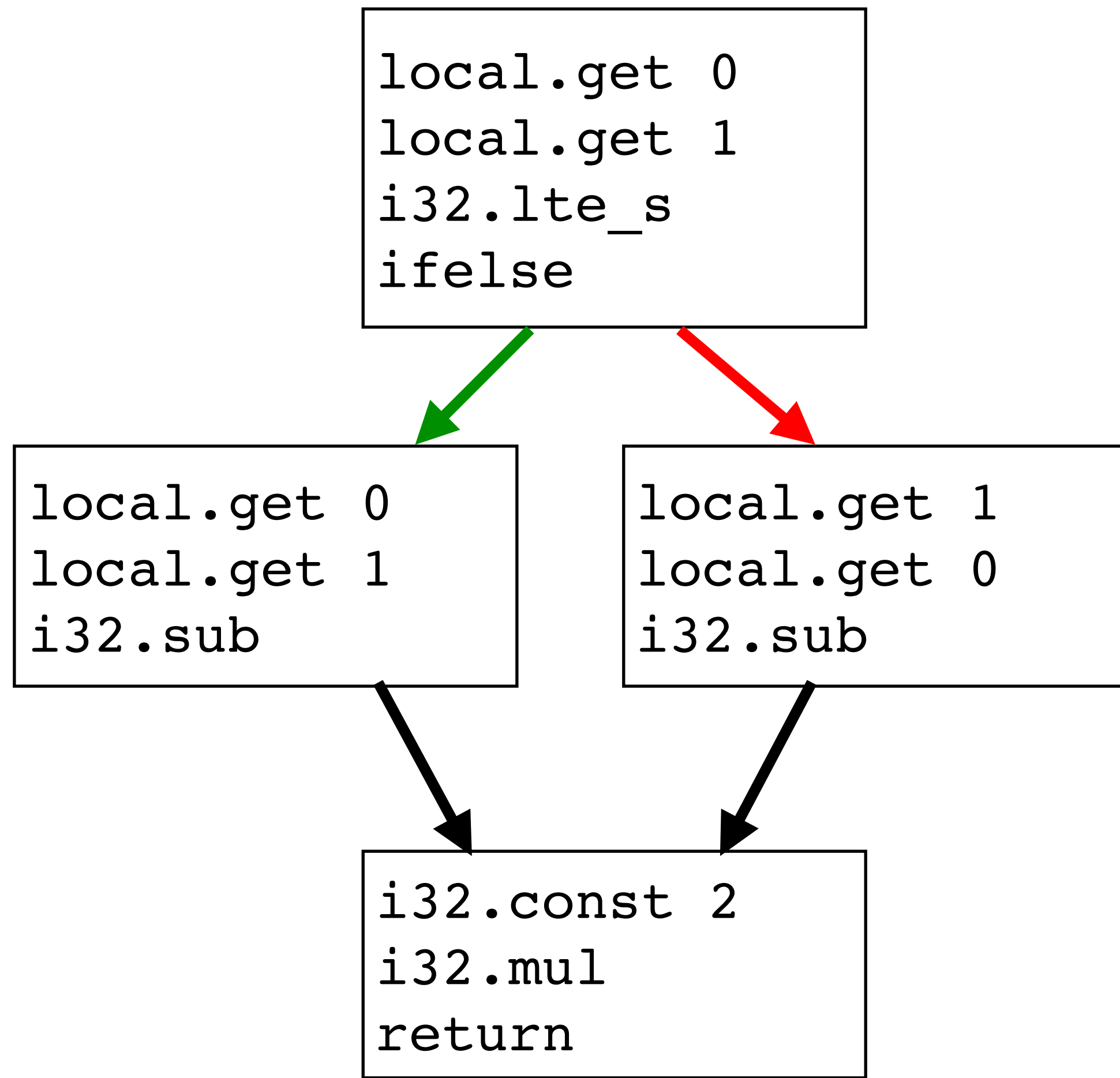
Example



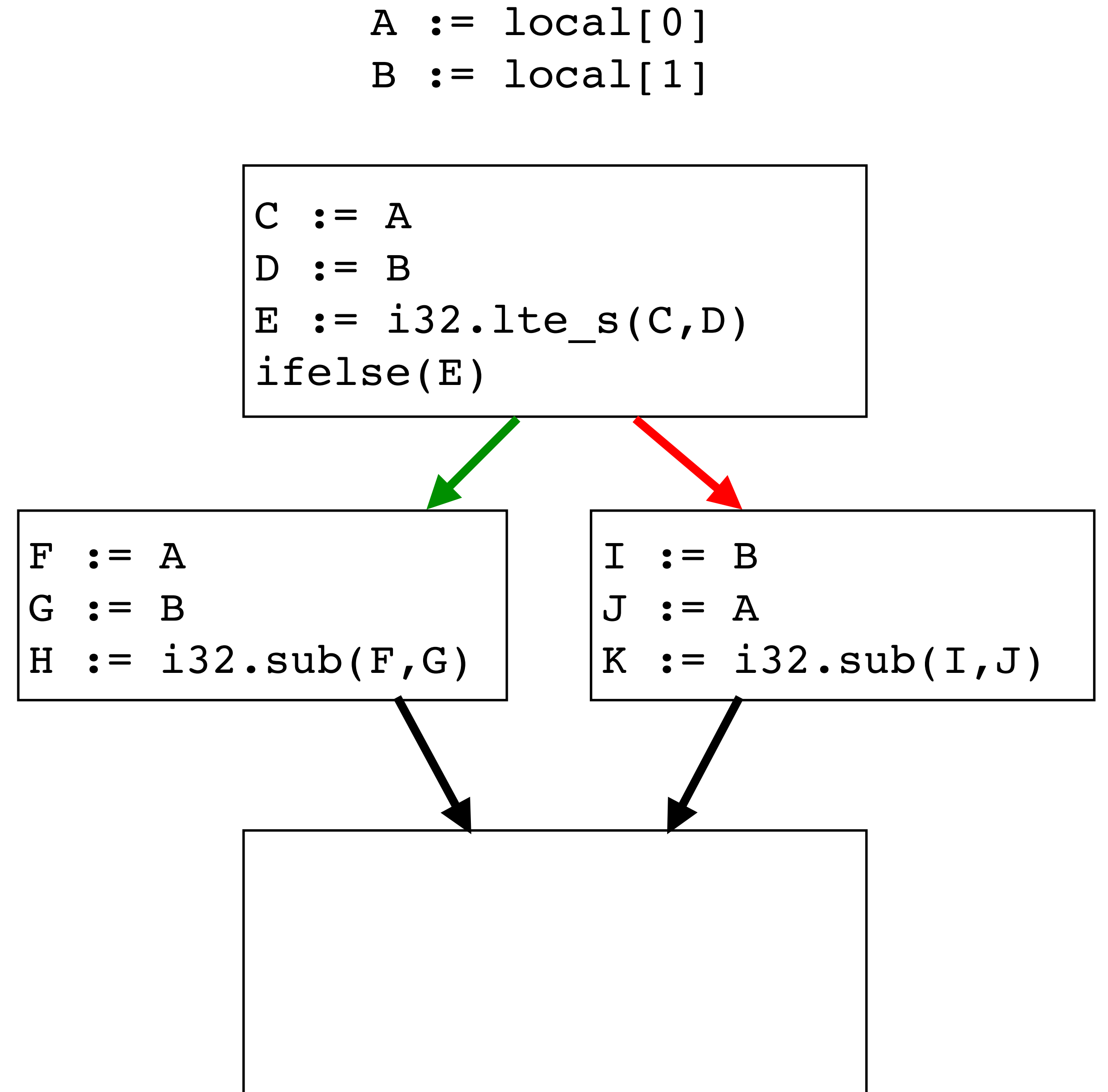
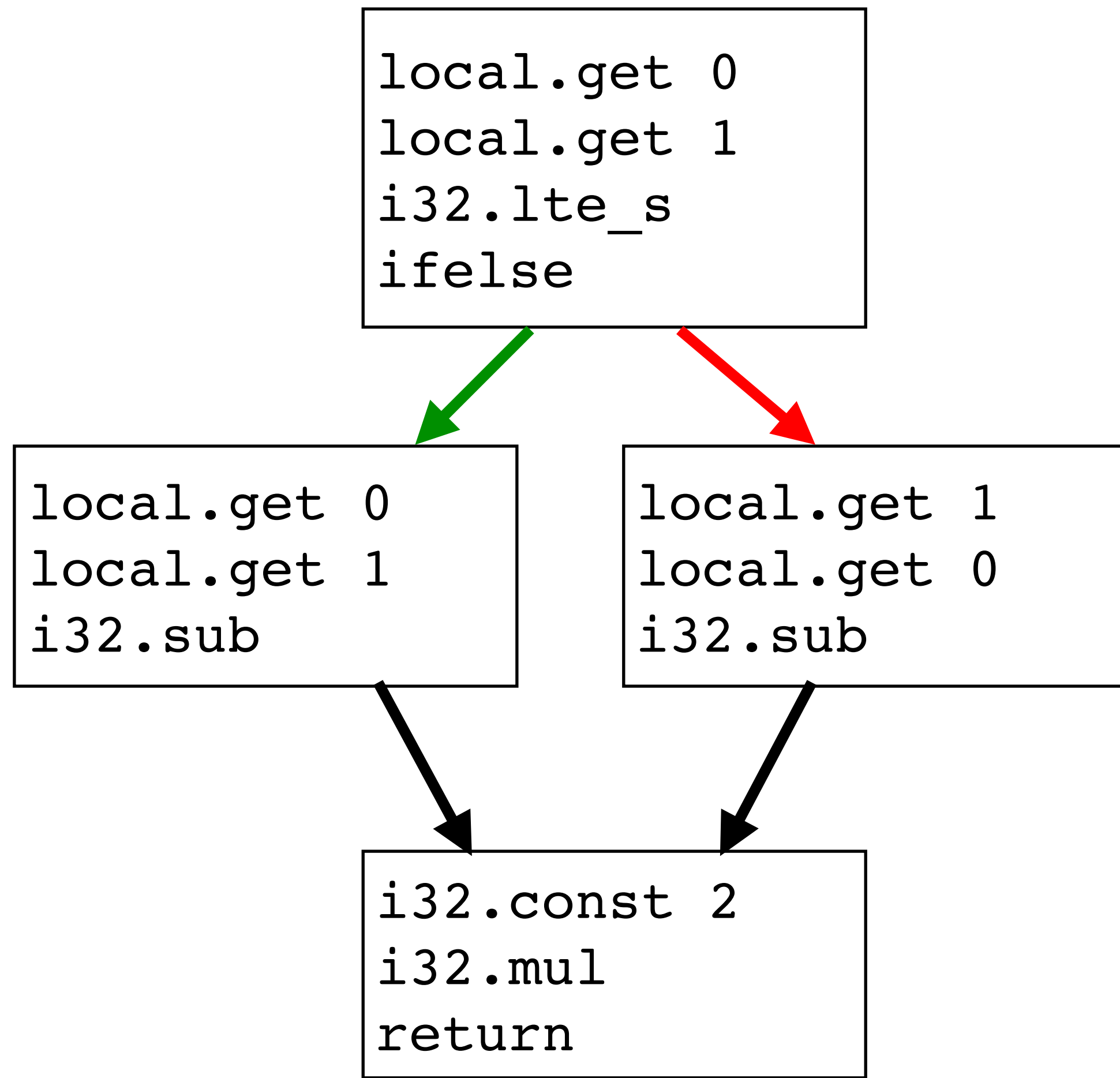
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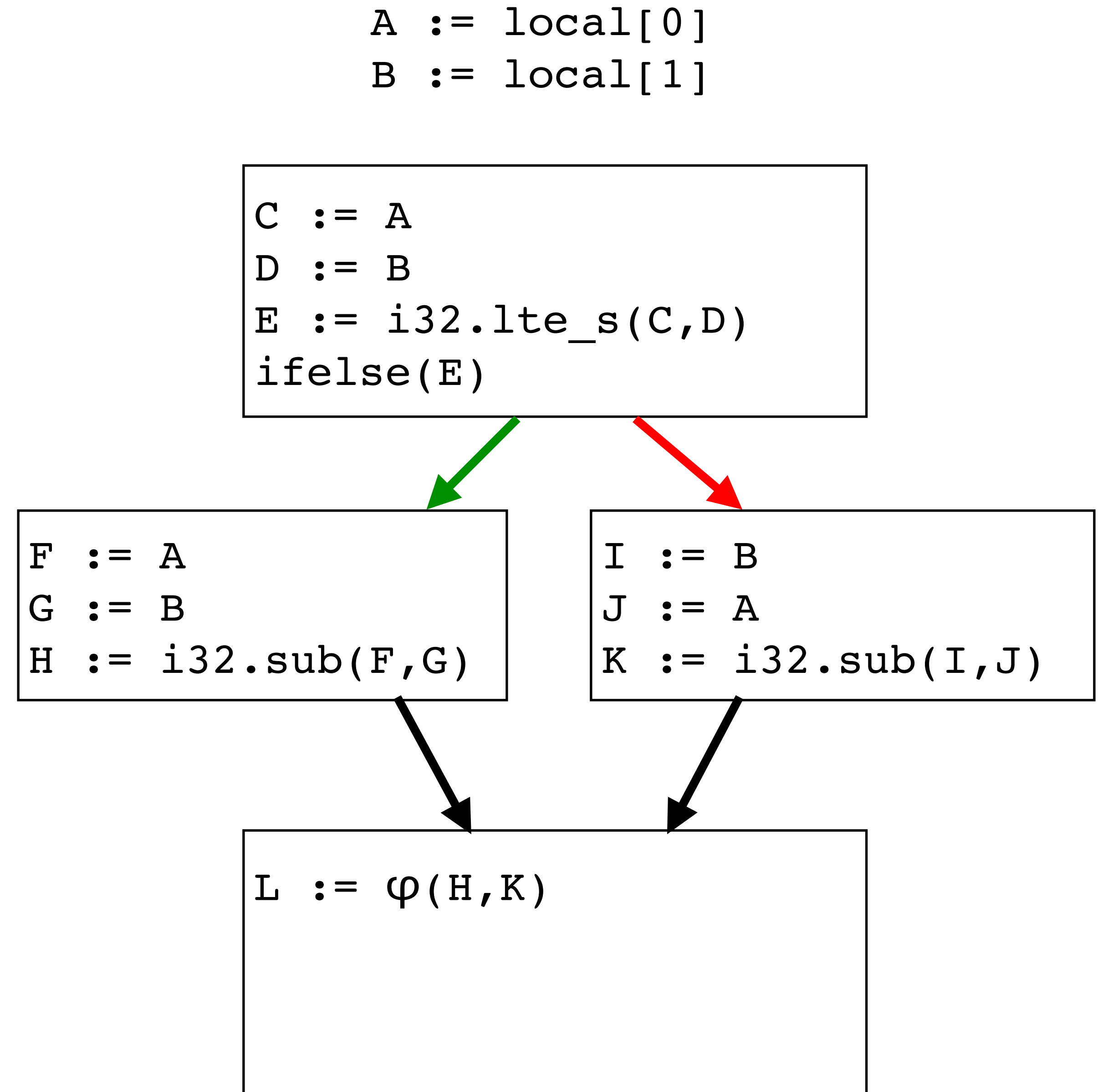
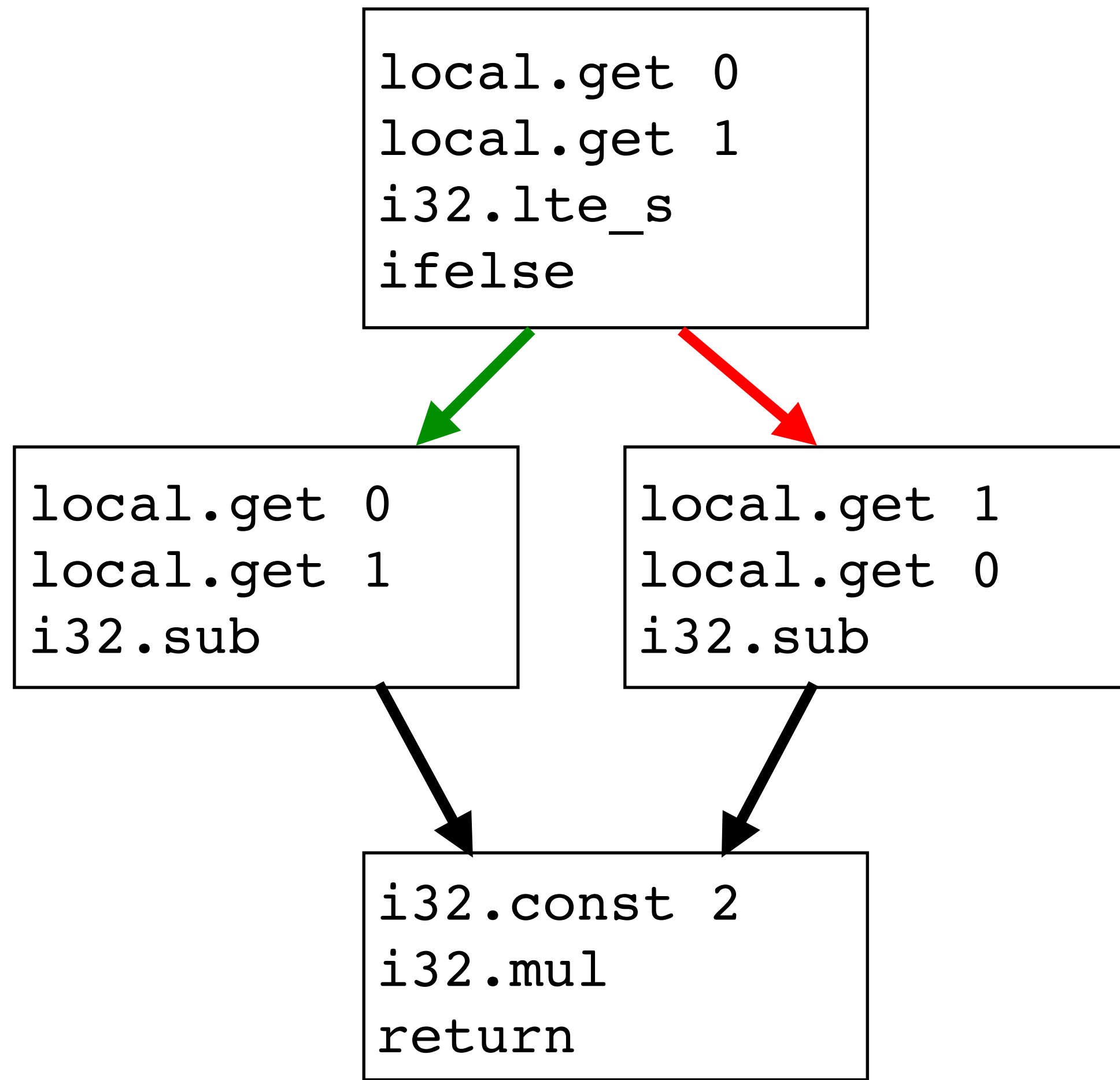
Example



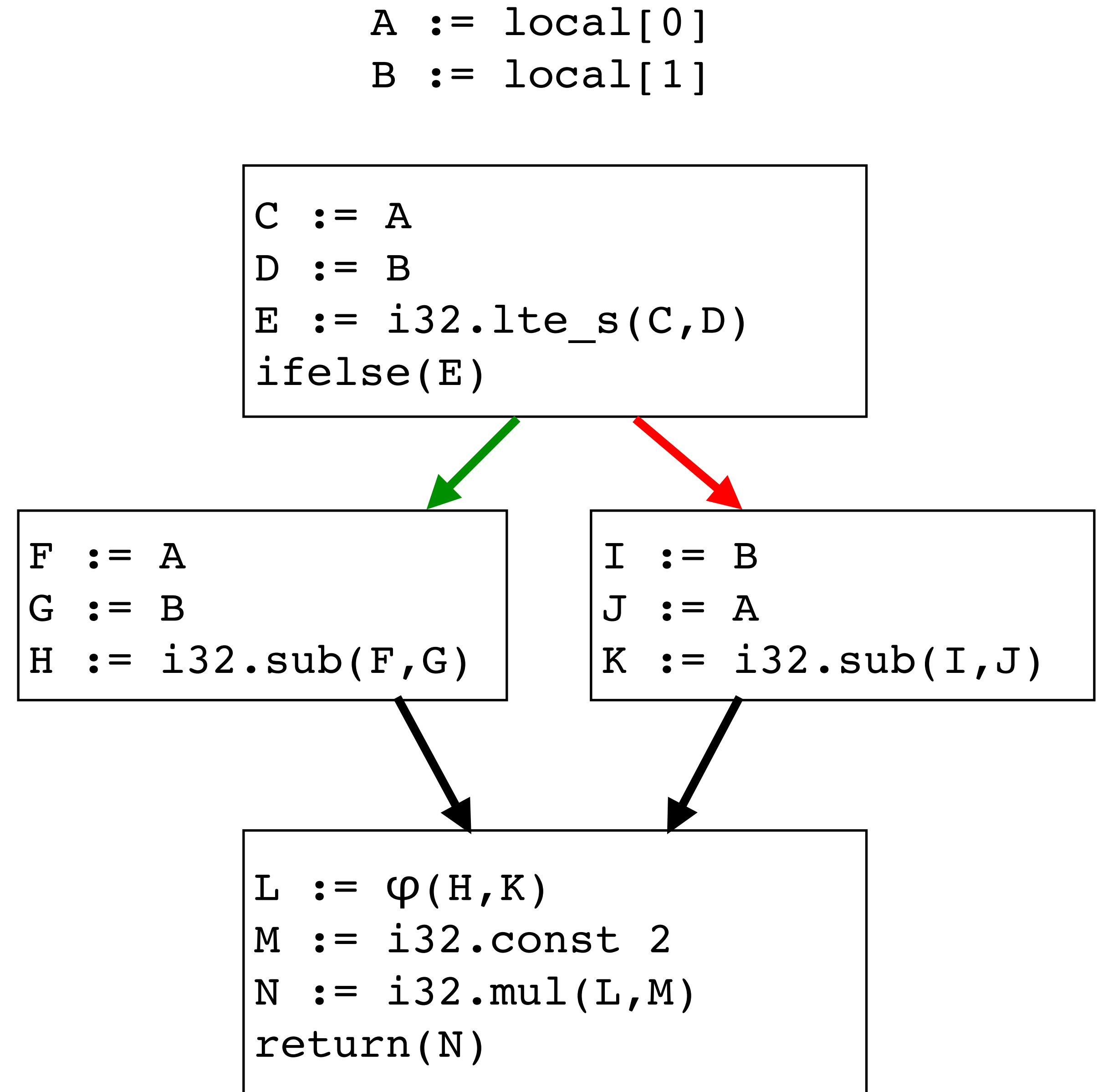
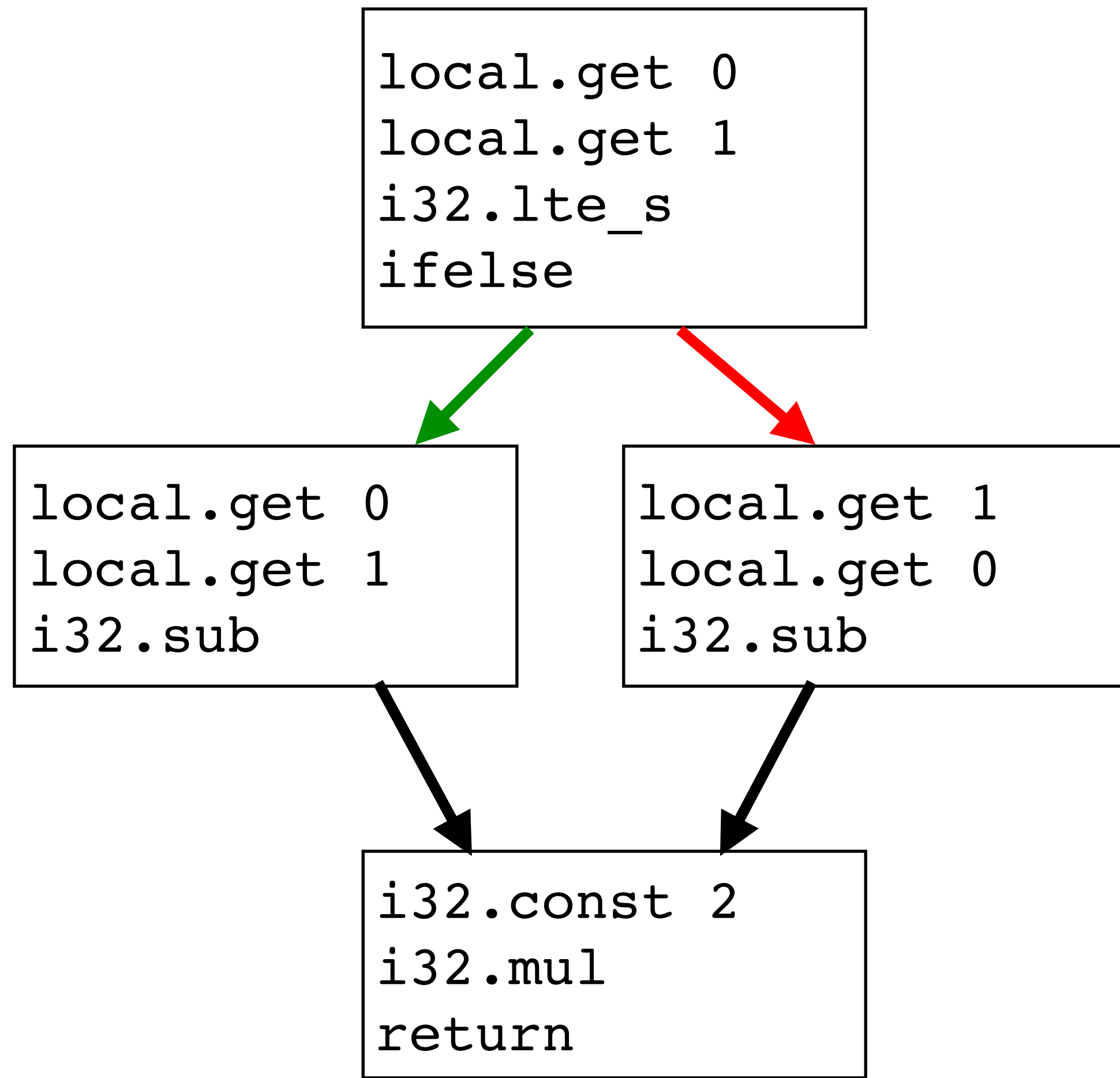
Example



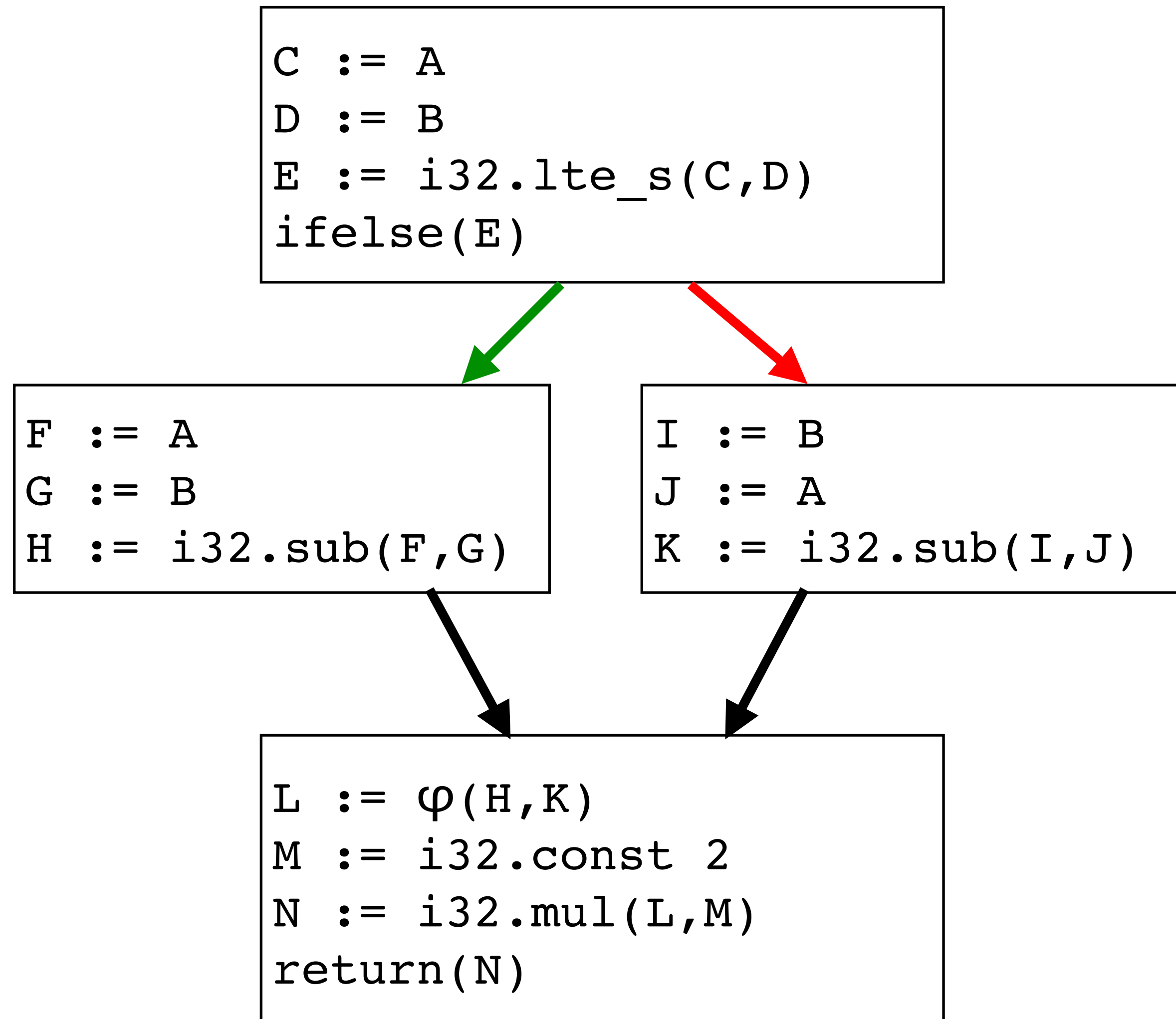
Example



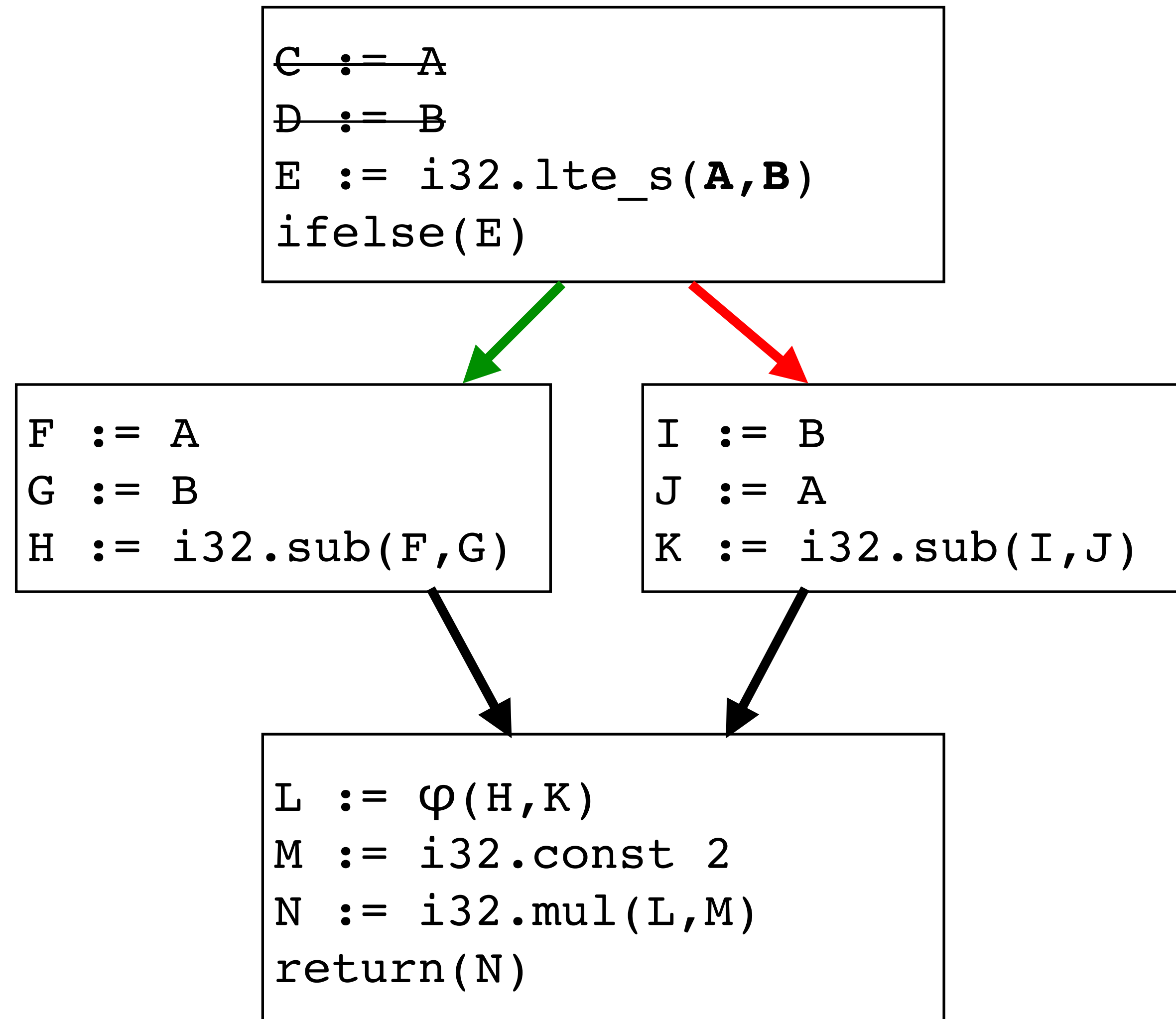
Example



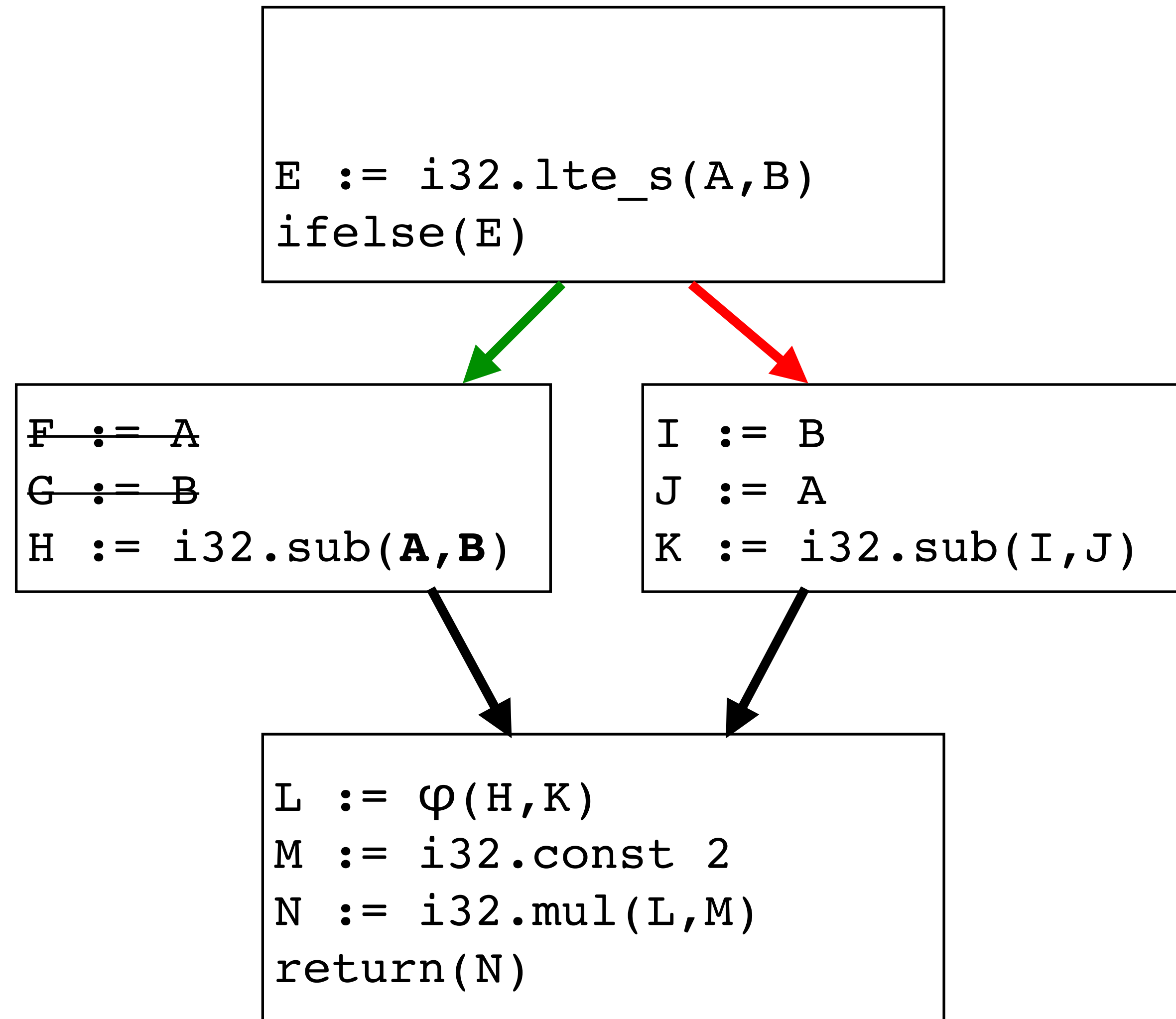
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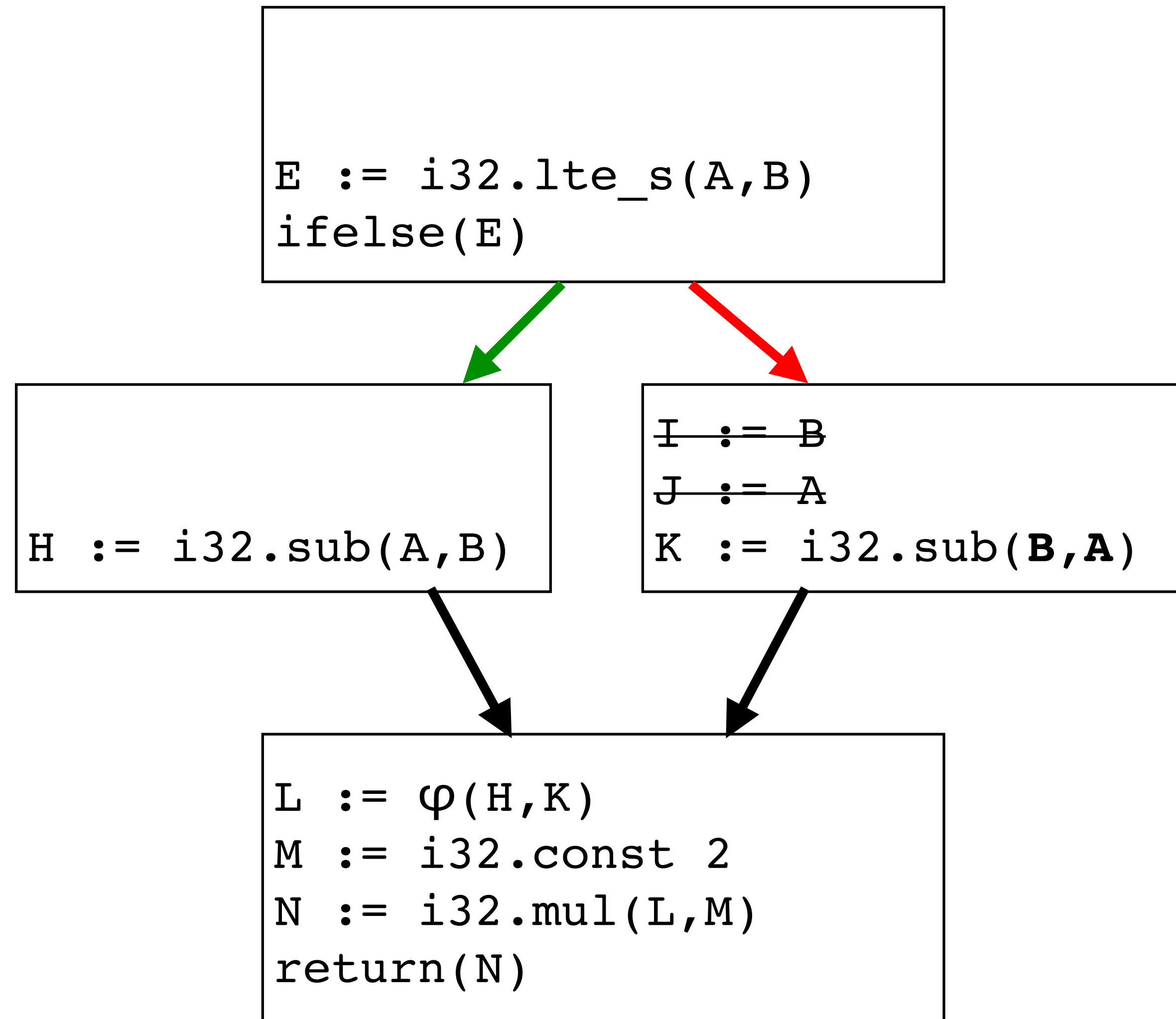
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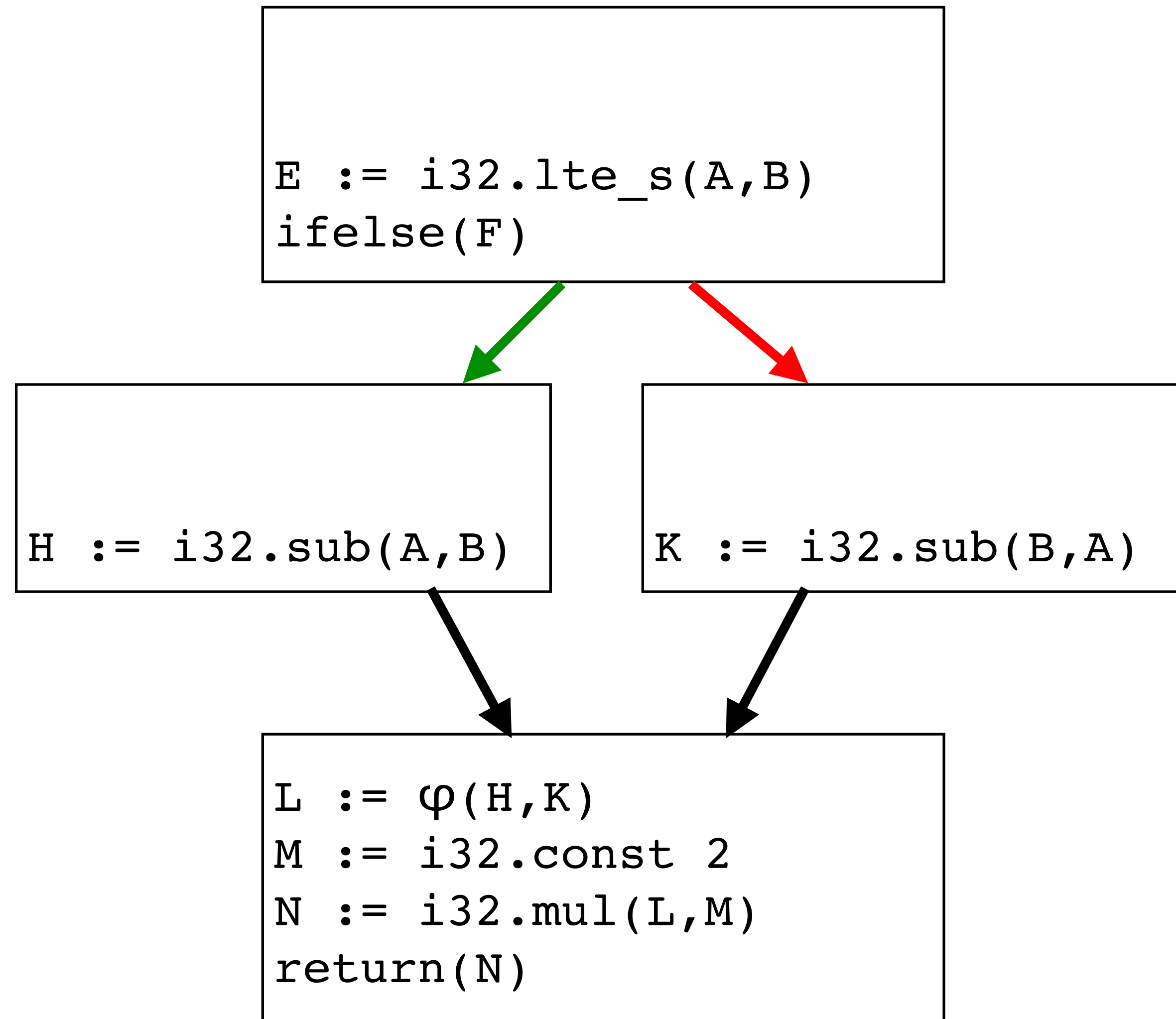
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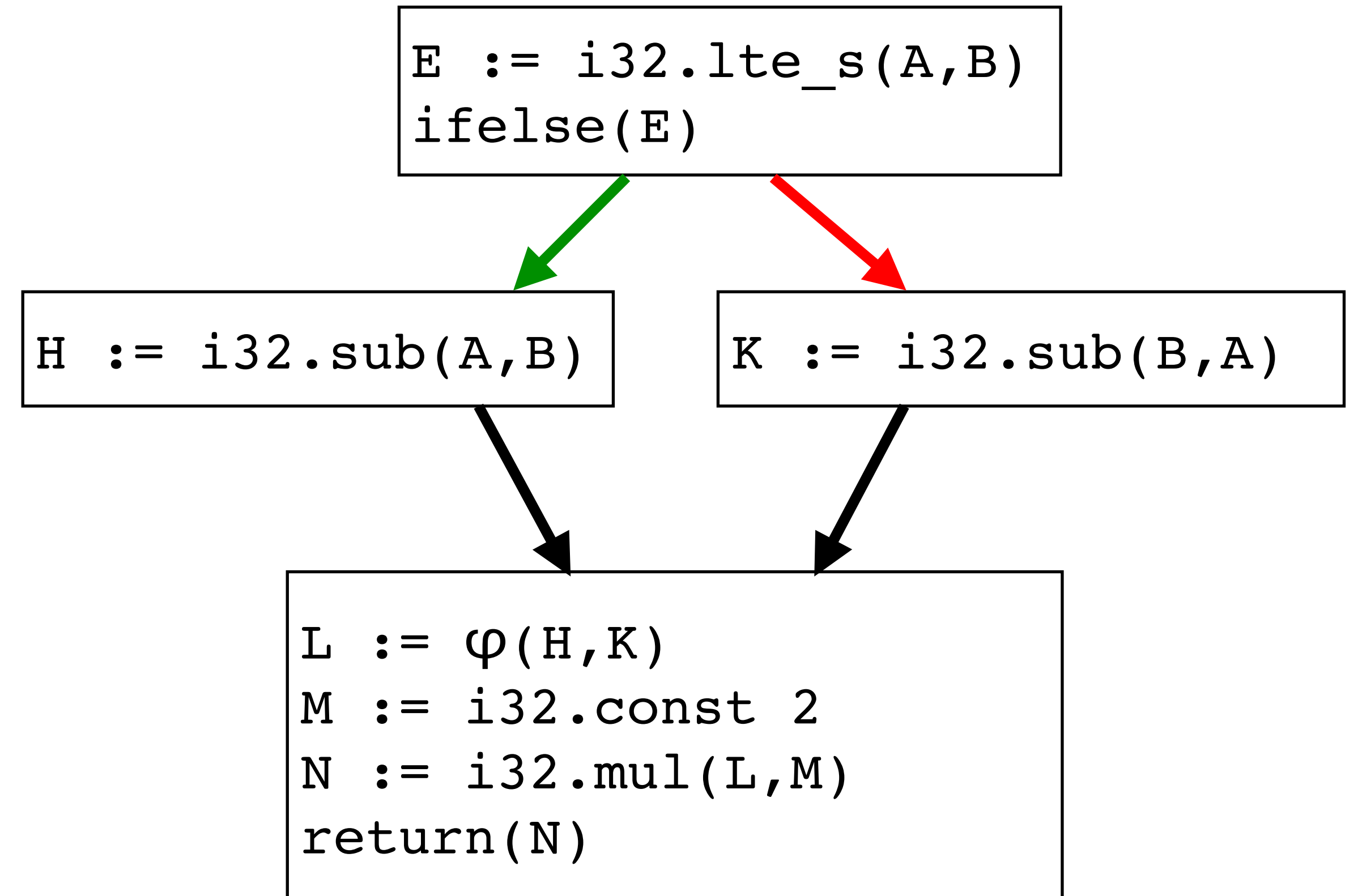
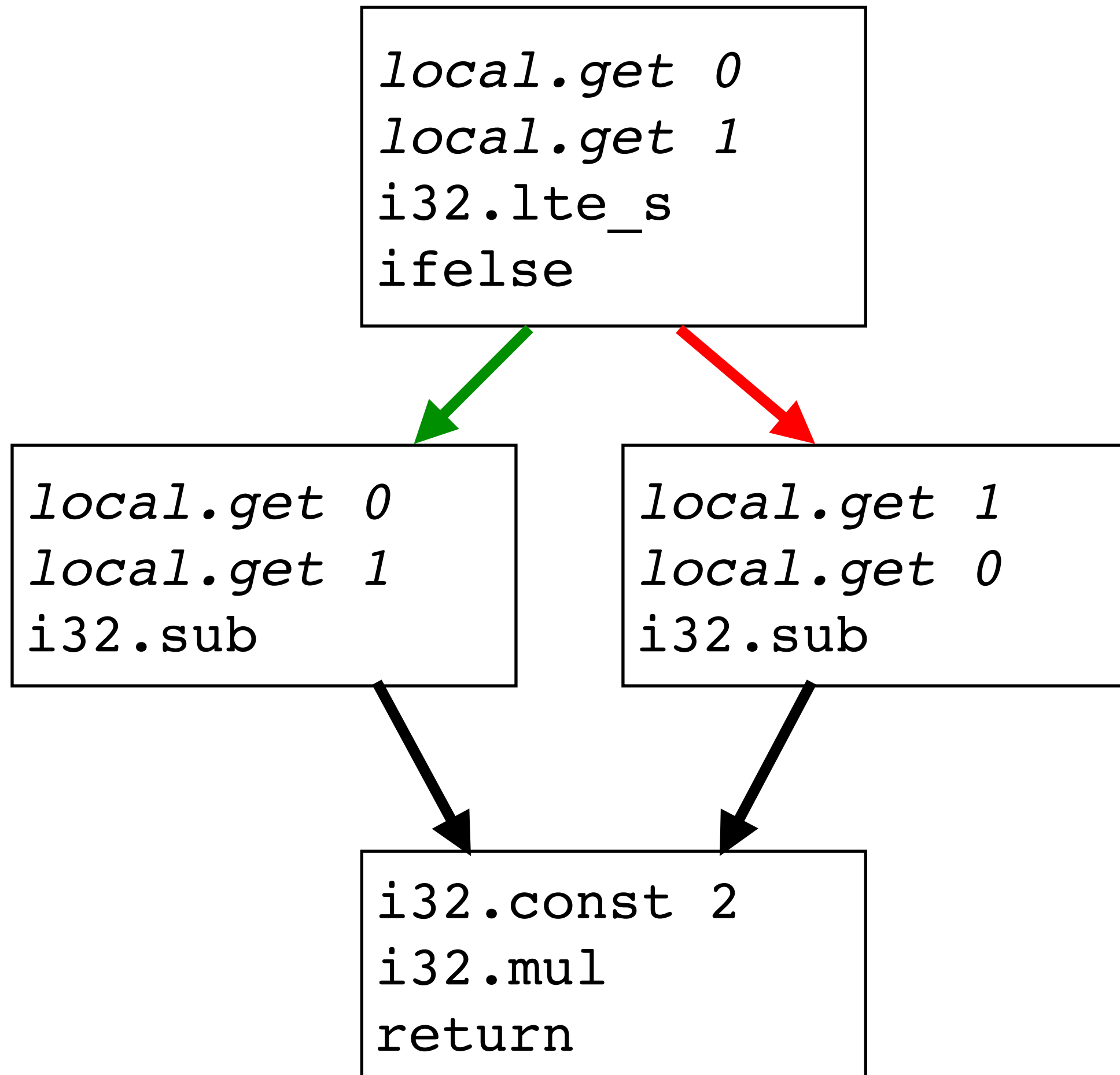
Example



Example



Example



Future Work

- pipeline completion
- evaluation of different compilers
- performance improvements


Demo

Conclusion

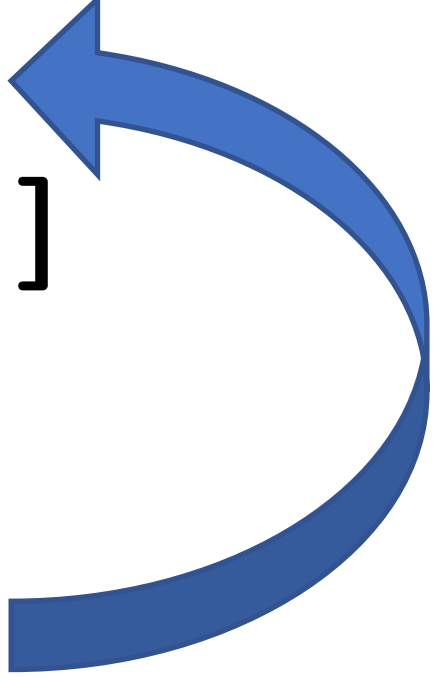
- WASM is a really interesting format
- WASM is easy to understand
- Restrictions make optimisations hard
 - A few more stack operations would really help

Excursion: Branching Instructions

```
...  
block [i32]  
    ...  
    br 0  
    ...  
end  
...
```



```
...  
loop [i32]  
    ...  
    br 0  
    ...  
end  
...
```



Excursion: Branching Instructions

- branch target is always relative
- branching behaviour depends on branch target

$$\text{label}_n \{instr^*\} B^l[val^n (br l)] \text{end} \hookrightarrow val^n instr^*$$

- labels are created when entering blocks or loops

$$\text{block } [t^n] instr^* \text{end} \hookrightarrow \text{label}_n \{\epsilon\} instr^* \text{end}$$

$$\text{loop } [t^?] instr^* \text{end} \hookrightarrow \text{label}_0 \{\text{loop } [t^?] instr^* \text{end}\} instr^* \text{end}$$

- only branches targeting loops ignore return types