# **Towards a Catalogue of Mobile Elicitation Techniques Supplementary Materials**

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This document provides supplementary materials which have not been included in the submitted conference paper due to size restrictions.

## 1 Reviewed Papers

Table 1 and Table 2 present the list of papers considered for the literature review in the original work. The first column indicates the assigned identifier for the paper which we refer to throughout this document (S01, S02, ..., S60), while the second column represents the title of the corresponding study.

## 2 Extracted Data

In this section, we provide the corresponding data of which we used key values in the conference publication, *e.g.*, distribution of reviewed papers' publication year.

## 2.1 Year of publication

Table 3 presents all reviewed papers ordered accordingly to the year of publication. The first column shows the year of publication, the second column lists corresponding papers, and the last column concludes with the total. Figure 1 visualizes the very same information regarding the annual distibution. The y-axis represents the total number of published publications, whereas the x-axis indicates the corresponding year of publication.

## 2.2 Techniques

Table 4 relates all reviewed papers to the found techniques. The first column states the specific techniques, the second column lists the corresponding papers, and finally, the last column represents the total number of publications using a specific technique. Figure 2 illustrates the very same information regarding the distribution of used techniques. The y-axis shows the different techniques, whereas the x-axis reveals the total number of published publications.

#### 2.3 Categories

Table 5 shows all reviewed papers in accordance to the categories of the proposed technique(s). The first column lists our four technique categories, the second column presents the corresponding papers, and the last column summarizes the number of publications using techniques of the corresponding category. Figure 3 illustrates the very same information regarding the prevalence of the different categories in literature. In more detail, the y-axis correlates with our categories, whereas the x-axis displays the corresponding total number of publications.

#### 2.4 Evaluations

Table 6 lists all reviewed papers according to the type of evaluation they performed. The first column denotes the type of evaluation, *i.e.*, *controlled experiment*, *case study*, *student evaluation*, or *not available* for the papers which did not perform any type of evaluation. The second column lists the corresponding papers, and ultimately, the remaining columns represent the (sub)totals. Figure 4 visualizes the very same information regarding the availability of different evaluation types in publications. The y-axis indicates the types of evaluation, whereas the x-axis shows the corresponding total number of publications.

#### # Title

- S01 Mining online product reviews to identify consumers' fine-grained concerns
- S02 Mining customer requirement from helpful online reviews
- S03 For user-driven software evolution: requirements elicitation derived from mining online reviews
- S04 Approaches for prioritizing feature improvements extracted from app reviews
- S05 Why people hate your app: Making sense of user feedback in a mobile app store
- S06 Ar-miner: mining informative reviews for developers from mobile app marketplace
- S07 Speech-acts based analysis for requirements discovery from online discussions
- S08 A framework for requirements engineering for context-aware services
- S09 Elicitation of delightful context-aware features: challenges and outlook
- S10 M4remaip: Method for requirements elicitation based on mobile applications under an interaction perspective
- S11 Improving the elicitation of delightful context-aware features: A data-based approach
- S12 Requirements cybernetics: Elicitation based on user behavioral data
- S13 Structured and unobtrusive observation of anonymous users and their context for requirements elicitation
- S14 Optimized functionality for super mobile apps
- S15 Involving users early on in the design process: closing the gap between mobile information services and their users
- S16 On eliciting requirements from end-users in the ict4d domain
- S17 A method for collaborative requirements elicitation and decision-supported requirements analysis
- S18 Elicitation of user requirements for mobile interaction with visual and rfid tags: A prototype-based exploratory study
- S19 From palaces to yurts: Why requirements engineering needs design thinking
- S20 Using participatory activities with seniors to critique, build, and evaluate mobile phones
- S21 Requirements elicitation using a combination of prototypes and scenarios
- S22 Exploring how to use scenarios to discover requirements
- S23 Prespe: Participatory requirements elicitation using scenarios and photo essays
- S24 The crowd in requirements engineering: The landscape and challenges
- S25 Towards crowdsourcing for requirements engineering
- S26 Ucframe: A use case framework for crowd-centric requirement acquisition
- S27 Using popular social network sites to support requirements elicitation, prioritization and negotiation
- S28 Sre: A scenario-based requirement exploration process for end-user mobile-application development
- S29 Scenario decomposition based analysis of next generation mobile services
- S30 Persona-and-scenario based requirements engineering for software embedded in digital consumer products
- S31 Appecho: a user-driven, in situ feedback approach for mobile platforms and applications
- S32 Requirements engineering tools go mobile
- S33 Determining stakeholder needs in the workplace: How mobile technologies can help
- S34 irequire: Gathering end-user requirements for new apps
- S35 Story based mobile application for requirements engineering process
- S36 Using mobile devices for collaborative requirements engineering
- $S37\ Non-formal\ techniques\ for\ requirements\ elicitation,\ modeling,\ and\ early\ assessment\ for\ services.$
- S38 Enhancing gss-based requirements negotiation with distributed and mobile tools
- S39 The mobile oracle: a tool for early user involvement
- S40 Towards automated capturing and processing of user feedback for optimizing mobile apps
- S41 Requirements analysis of android application using activity theory: A case study
- S42 Modelling mobile app requirements for semantic traceability
- S43 Elicitation of profile attributes by transparent communication
- S44 Developing requirements for a mobile app to support citizens in dealing with ticks and tick bites via end-user profiling
- S45 Blind user requirements engineering for mobile services
- S46 ithink: A game-based approach towards improving collaboration and participation in requirement elicitation
- S47 Scenarios in the wild: Experiences with a contextual requirements discovery method
- S48 Mining context-aware user requirements from crowd contributed mobile data
- S49 Mobiq: A modular android application for collecting social interaction, repeated survey, gps and photographic data
- S50 Using mobile re tools to give end-users their own voice

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#### # Title

- S51 Are smartphones better than crc cards?
- S52 Mobile discovery of requirements for context-aware systems
- S53 Mobility requirements engineering tool (more)
- S54 Requirements engineering for pervasive services
- S55 Learn more, pay less! lessons learned from applying the wizard-of-oz for exploring mobile app requirements
- S56 Elicitation of requirements for the design of mobile financial advisory services—instantiation and validation of the requirement data model with a multi-method approach
- S57 Requirements gathering for assistive technology that includes low vision and sighted users
- S58 Crowd-centric requirements engineering
- S59 Applying user-centered s to analyze and design a mobile application
- S60 A method and tool for wide audience requirements elicitation and rapid prototyping for mobile systems

Table 2: Reviewed papers S51 to S60

Year Papers	Total
2001 S8, S21	2
2003 S23	1
2004 S32, S60	2
2005 S30, S38, S54	3
2006 S17, S29	2
2007 S20, S33, S43, S45	4
2008 S35, S52	2
2009 S15, S18, S22, S39, S47	5
2010 S50	1
2011 S13, S16, S34, S37	4
2012 S36, S46, S57	3
2013 S5, S19, S28, S41	4
2014 S2, S3, S6, S10, S25, S31, S51, S58	8
2015 S1, S27, S44, S48, S56	5
2016 S4, S26, S53	3
2017 S9, S11, S12, S14, S24, S40, S42, S55	8
2018 S7, S49, S59	3

Table 3: Year of publication

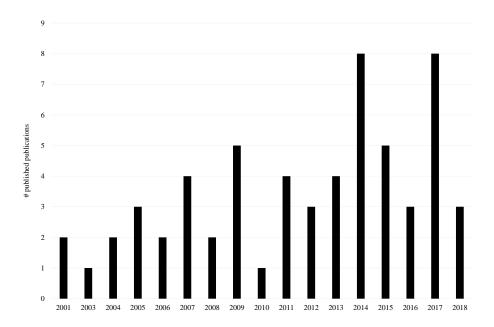


Fig. 1: Distribution of the release dates

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Technique	# Paper	# Total
Gamification	S46, S54	2
Interview/Survey/Questionnaire	S15, S16, S39, S44, S45, S49, S54, S56, S57	9
Modeling/Ontology	S42, S60	9
Persona and user profiles	S30, S43, S44, S59	4
Wizard of Oz	S39, S55	2
Activity theory	S41	1
Brainstorming	S17, S38	2
CRC sessions	S36, S51	2
Crowdsourcing	S24, S25, S26, S48, S58	5
Focus groups/ workshops	S15, S44, S54, S56	4
Mobile RE app	\$11, \$22, \$23, \$32, \$33, \$34, \$35, \$36, \$37, \$38, \$39, \$46, \$47, \$49, \$50, \$51, \$52, \$57	18
Photo essays	S23	1
Prototyping	S18, S19, S20, S21, S55	5
Scenarios	S22, S21, S30, S23, S29, S28, S59, S47, S52, S53	10
Story telling	S16, S35	2
Using social network sites or wikis	S27	1
Viewpoint or six thinking hats	S30, S46	2
App description mining	S10	1
App log or app usage data mining	S12, S13, S48	6
App store mining for similar apps	S14	1
Observation/contextual data/reflection	S8, S9, S11, S13, S15, S40, S49	7
Opinion mining	S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, S7, S55	8
Mobile feedback app	S31	1
User feedback on MVP	S40	1

Table 4: Techniques used in the reviewed publications

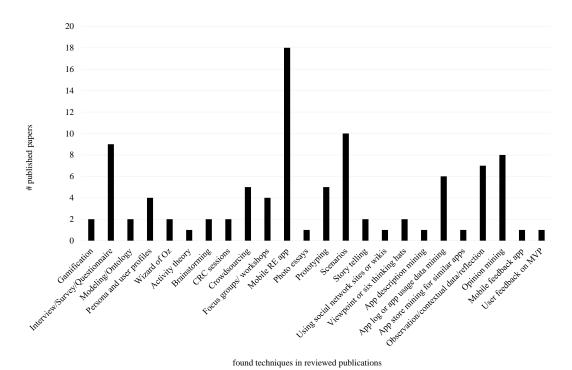


Fig. 2: Distribution of the used techniques

Category	# Paper	# Total
Analyst-centric	\$15, \$16, \$30, \$39, \$42, \$43, \$44, \$45, \$46, \$49, \$54, \$55, \$56, \$57, \$59, \$60 \$11, \$15, \$16, \$17, \$18, \$19, \$20, \$21, \$22, \$23, \$24, \$25, \$26,	16
Collaboration-centric	2 S27, S28, S29, S30, S32, S33, S34, S35, S36, S37, S38, S39, S41, S44, S46, S47, S48, S49, S50, S51, S52, S53, S54, S55, S56, S57, S58, S59	41
Data-centric Stakeholder-centric	\$1, \$2, \$3, \$4, \$5, \$6, \$7, \$8, \$9, \$10, \$11, \$12, \$13, \$14, \$15, \$40, \$48, \$49, \$55 \$31, \$40	5 19 2

Table 5: Addressed categories in the reviewed publications

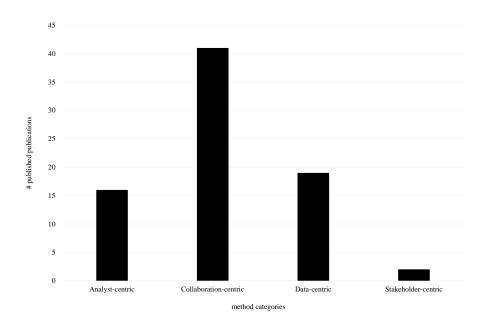


Fig. 3: Distribution of the addressed categories

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Evaluation Type	Related Papers	# Papers	# Total
Controlled experiment Case study Student evaluation	\$3, \$5, \$7, \$10, \$13, \$18, \$20, \$26, \$38, \$39, \$45, \$47, \$48, \$50, \$52, \$59 \$1, \$4, \$6, \$12, \$14, \$15, \$16, \$23, \$28, \$30, \$31, \$42, \$46 \$27, \$51	16 13 2	31
not available	\$2, \$8, \$9, \$11, \$17, \$19, \$21, \$22, \$24, \$25, \$29, \$32, \$33, \$34, \$35, \$36, \$37, \$40, \$41, \$43, \$44, \$49, \$53, \$54, \$55, \$56, \$57, \$58, \$60	29	29

Table 6: Evaluation types performed in the reviewed publications

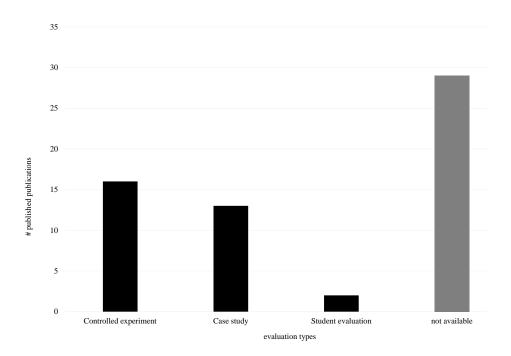


Fig. 4: Distribution of the evaluation types they performed