Stack-based Programming

- Exercises are given every week on the PL page of the SCG website (http://scg.unibe.ch/teaching/pl)
- Solutions to each assignment must be sent to mohammadreza.hazhirpasand@inf.unibe.ch
- The solutions of the assignments are to be delivered before every Thursday at 5 PM. Solutions handed in later than the specified time will not be accepted. In case of serious reasons send an e-mail to **mohammadreza.hazhirpasand@inf.unibe.ch**

Exercise 1 (4 points)

- What kinds of stacks does PostScript manage and what are their roles? (1 pts)
- What is the way of defining a procedure in the PostScript program? please also define a procedure to calculate the following formula and print the result on the screen : ((x + y) / 2) * 2 (2 pts)
- Define a procedure to print 10 random numbers (using loops) and each number must be printed in a new line. *hint: "rand" produces random number* (1 pts)

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sample output:
684570285
1502883016
252193898
...
```

Exercise 2 (2 points)

Define a procedure in PostScript that will calculate and print the first n Catalan numbers, where n is an argument on the stack. Catalan numbers are calculated based on the formula $C_n = \frac{(2n)!}{(n+1)!n!}$. The call to the procedure should look like n catalan. The output should be similar to the one shown in Figure 1 for n = 17. Please use the provided template which contains the skeleton of the code, as it will make it easier for you (and us) to check your solution. Try to define sub-procedures whenever it makes sense.

C(n=0) = 1.0C(n = 1) = 1.0C(n=2) = 2.0C(n=3) = 5.0C(n = 4) = 14.0C(n = 5) = 42.0C(n=6) = 132.0C(n=7) = 429.0C(n=8) = 1430.0C(n = 9) = 4862.0C (n = 10) = 16796.0 C (n = 11) = 58786.0 C (n = 12) = 208012.0 C (n = 13) = 742900.0 C (n = 14) = 2.67444e+06 C (n = 15) = 9.69485e+06 C (n = 16) = 3.53577e+07 C (n = 17) = 1.29645e+08

Figure 1: Catalan numbers