

UNIVERSITÄT Bern

Security in Android Applications Master Thesis

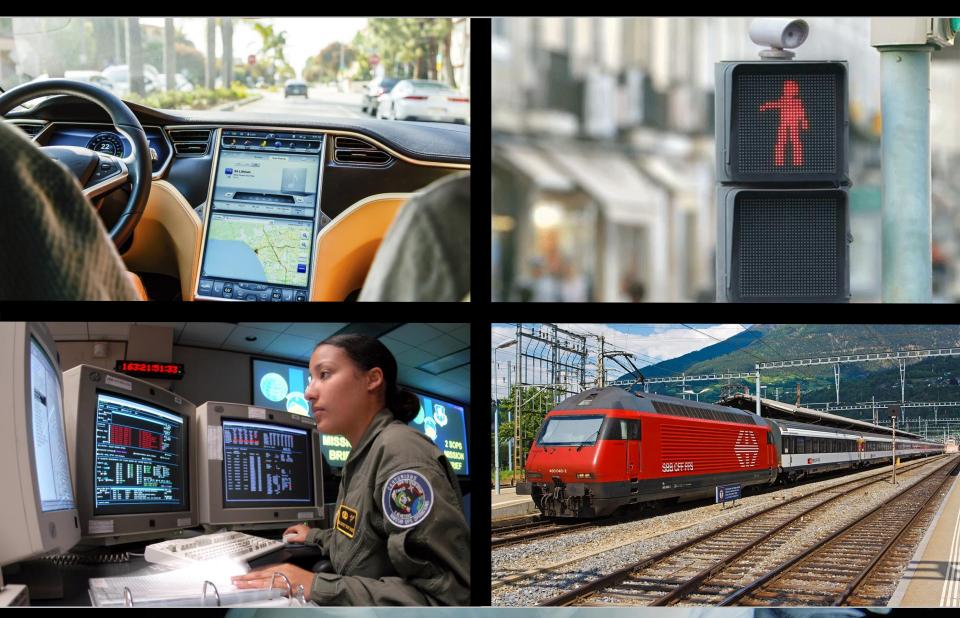
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Software Composition Group University of Bern Switzerland

Agenda

- Introduction
- ► What are security code smells?
- ► How prevalent are they?
- > Why identifying security smells is helpful?
- Conclusion

Software is Everywhere



Security in Android Applications

We Love Apps

MAYBE IF WE TELL PEOPLE THE BRAIN IS AN APP

THEY WILL START USING IT

Security in Android Applications

Mobile Device Addiction



Mobile Security is Vital



Software Insecurity Thrives



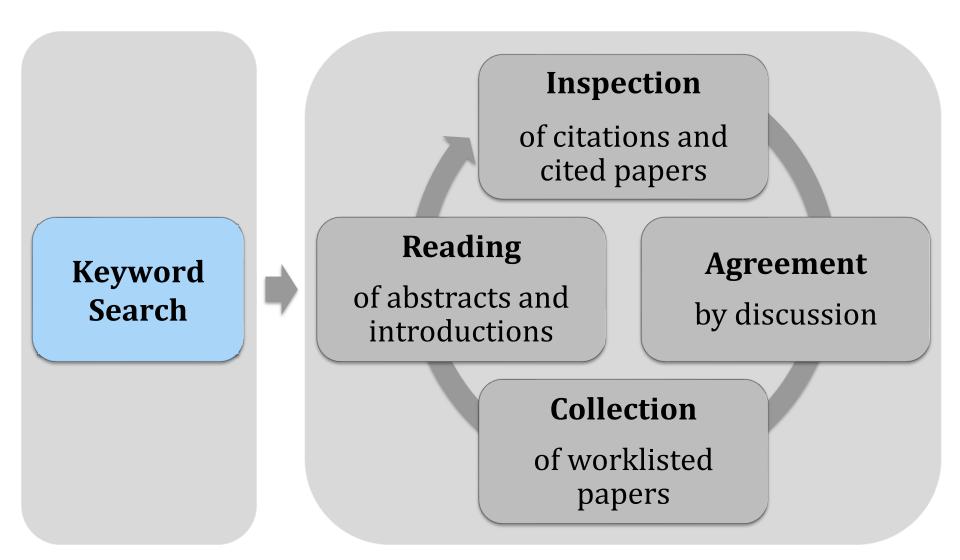
Definition:

Symptoms in the code that indicate the prospect of security and privacy vulnerabilities

Research Goals

- ► RQ₁: What are the security code smells in Android apps?
- ► RQ₂: How prevalent are security smells in benign apps?
- RQ₃: To which extent identifying such smells facilitates detecting security vulnerabilities?

Literature Review



What are the security code smells in Android apps?

Insufficient Attack Protection

- Unreliable Information Sources
- Untrustworthy / Outdated Libraries
- Native Code
- Open to Piggybacking
- Unnecessary Permissions

Security Invalidation

- Weak Crypto Algorithm or Configuration
- Improper Certificate Use
- Unacknowledged Distribution

Broken Access Control

- Insecure Inter-Component Communication
- Unprotected System Sockets
- Custom Scheme Channel

Sensitive Data Exposure

- Insecure Storage
- Exposed Identifiers

Lax Input Validation

- Unverified JavaScript Code
- Dynamic Code Loading
- ► SQL Injection

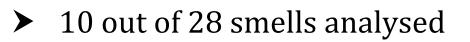
How prevalent are security smells in apps?

Scope of the Study

- Random apps from AndroZoo
- Corpora size:

46,000 apps 440 GB

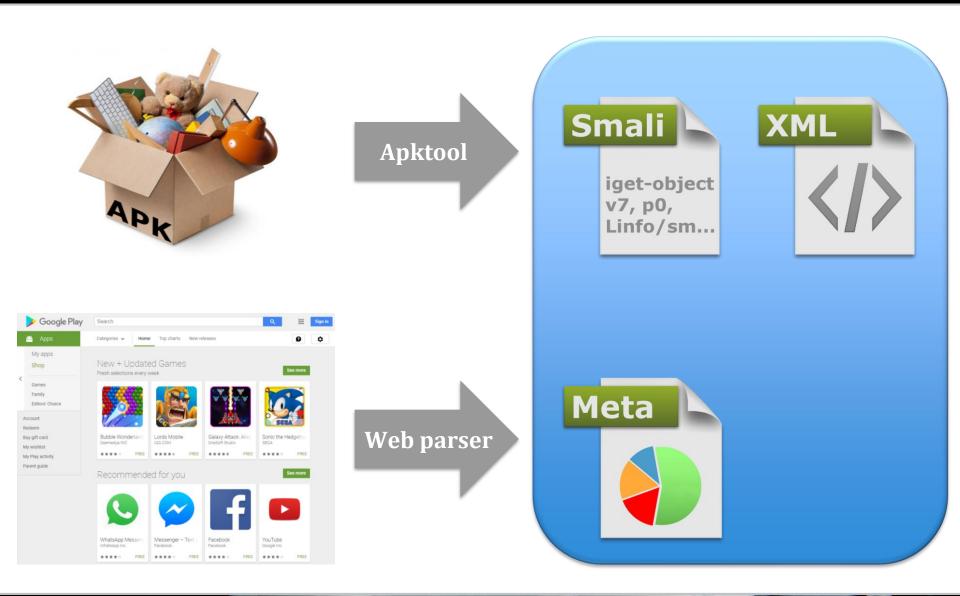
Lightweight analysis



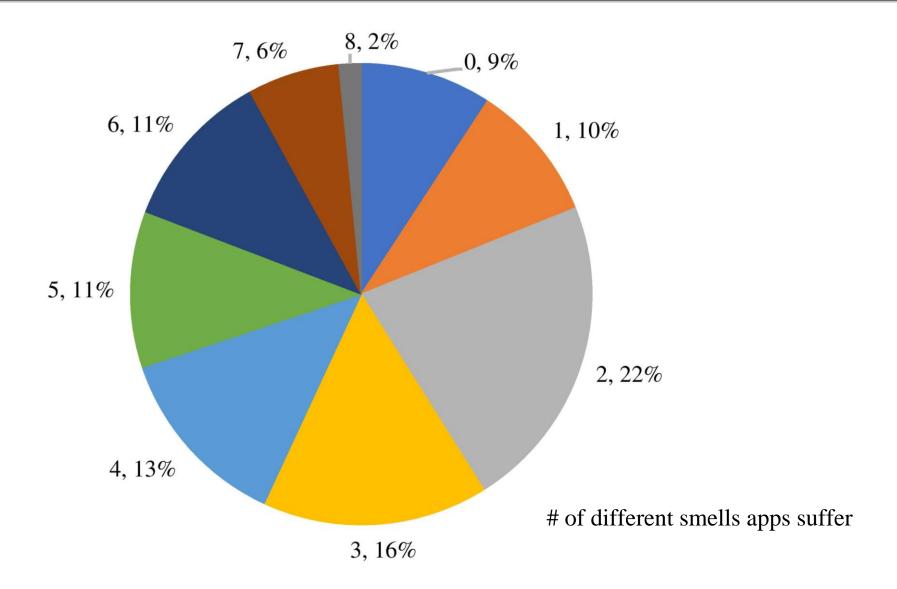




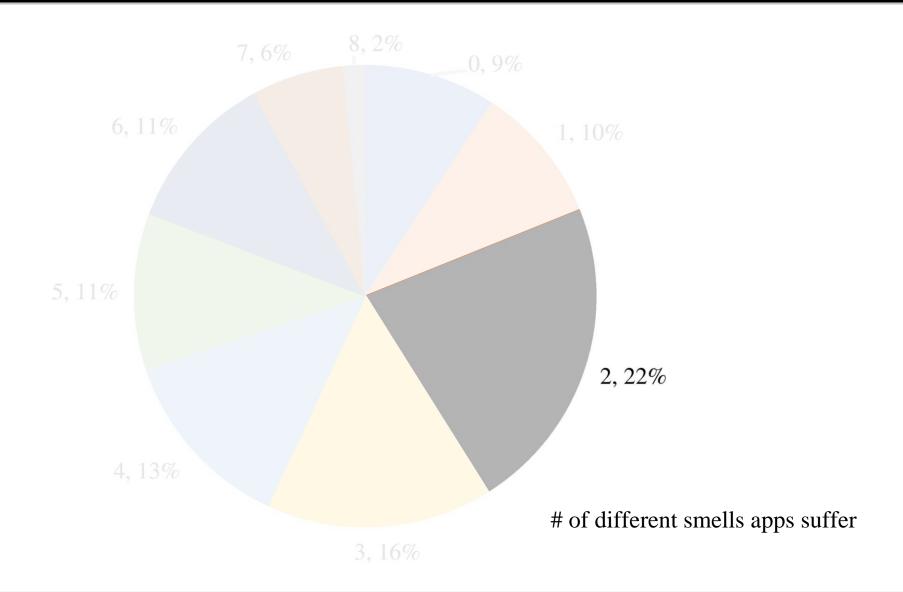
Subjects of the Study



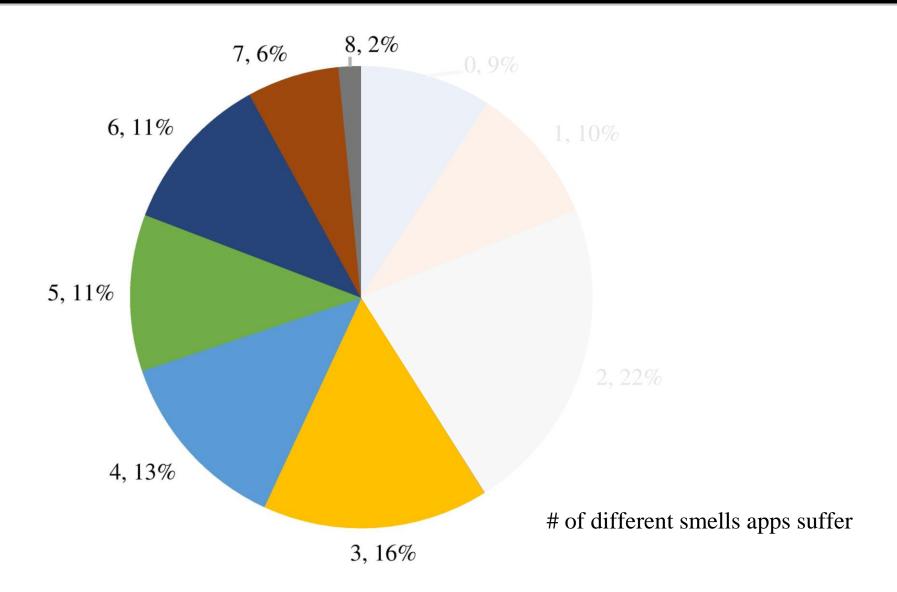
Prevalence of Smells

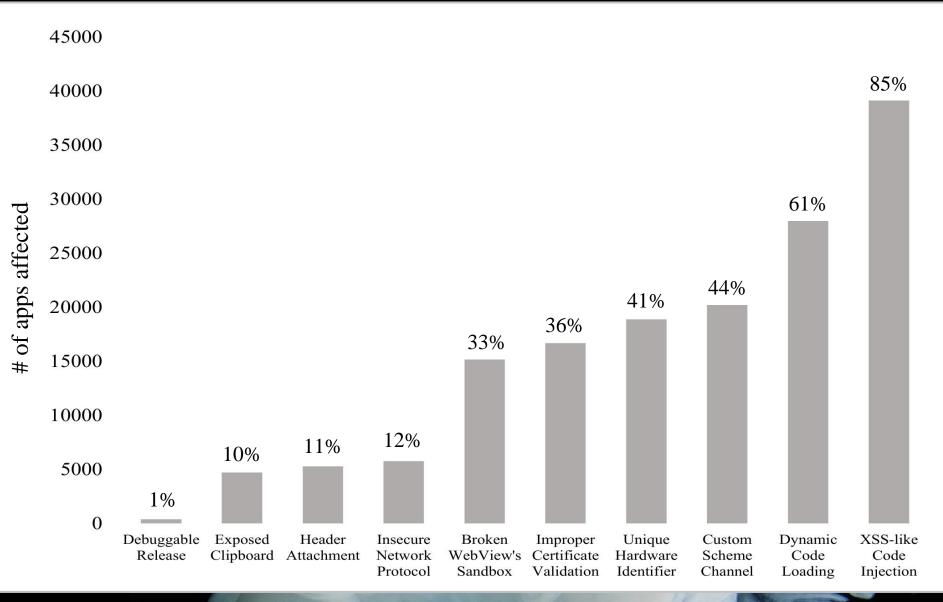


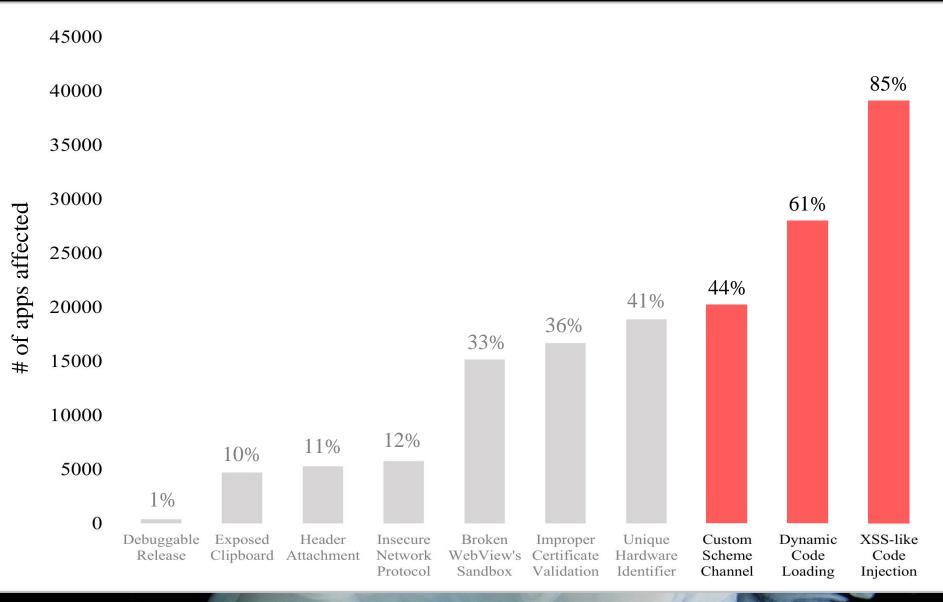
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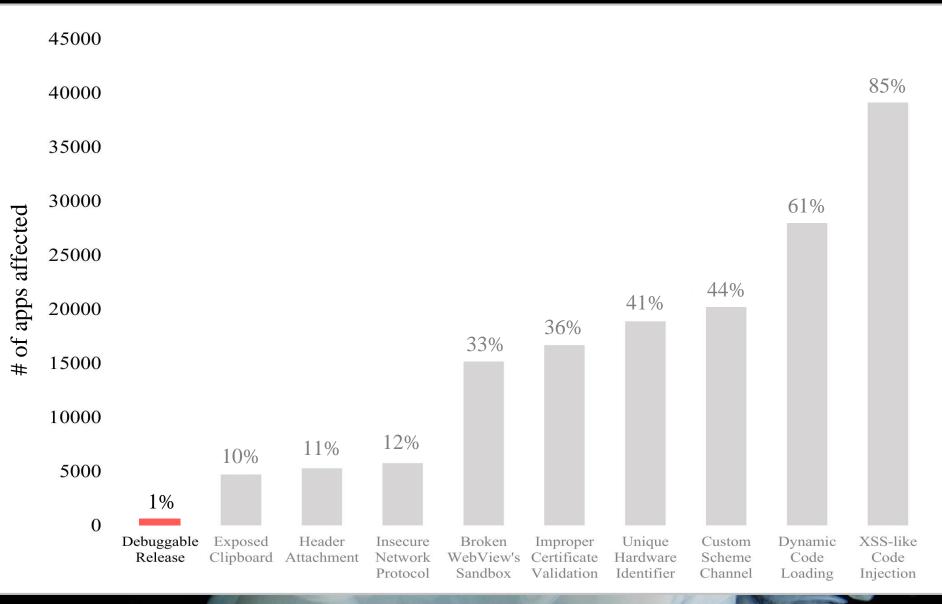


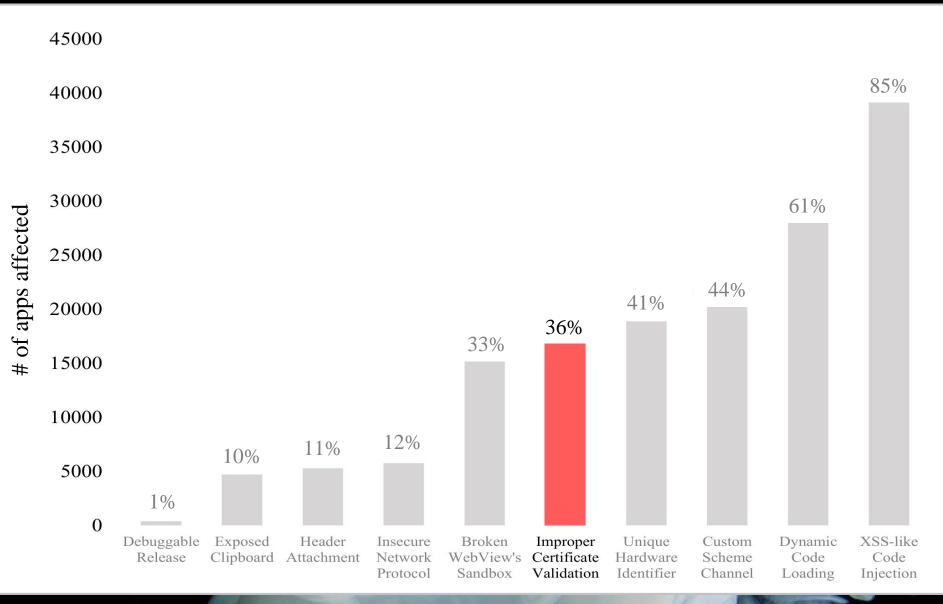
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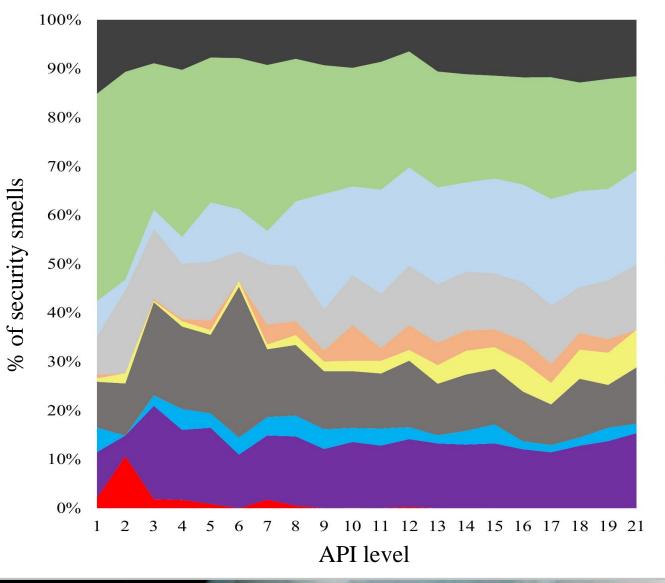




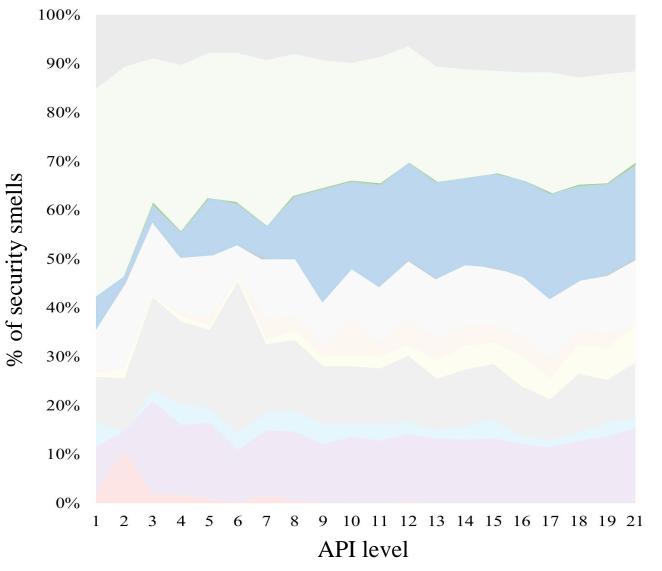








- Broken WebView's Sandbox
- XSS-like Code Injection
- Dynamic Code Loading
- Improper Certificate Validation
- Insecure Network Protocol
- Exposed Clipboard
- Unique Hardware Identifier
- Header Attachment
- Custom Scheme Channel
- Debuggable Release

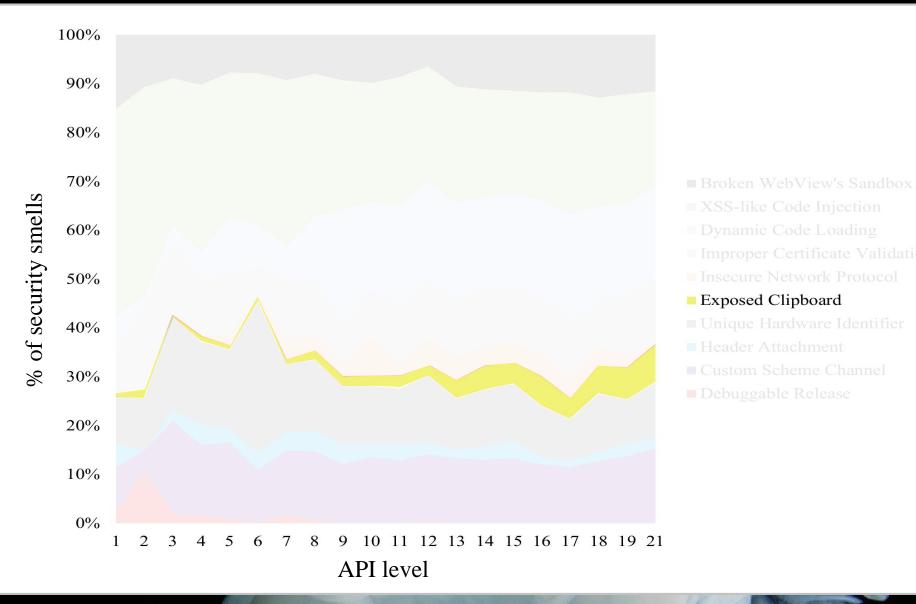


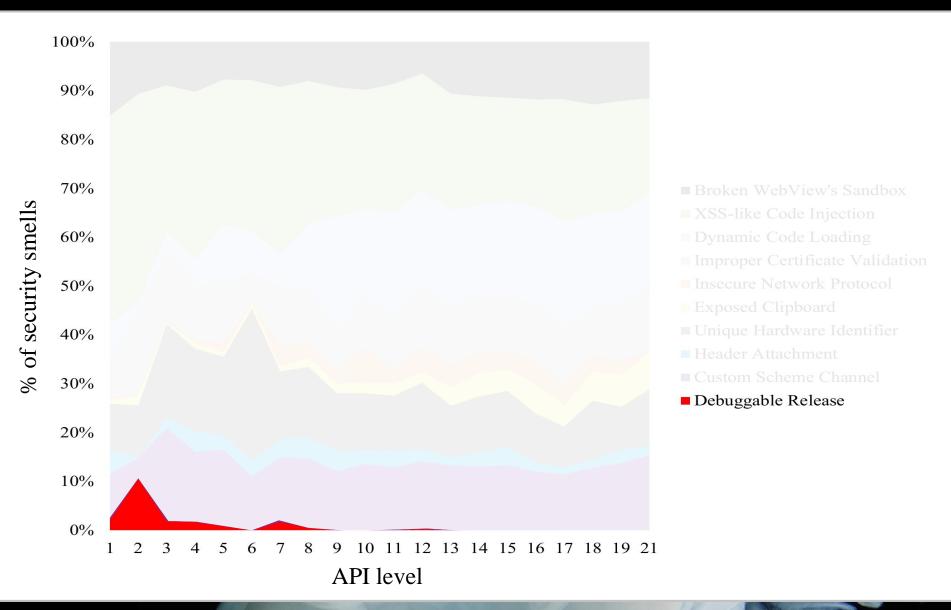
Broken WebView's Sandbox

XSS-like Code Injection

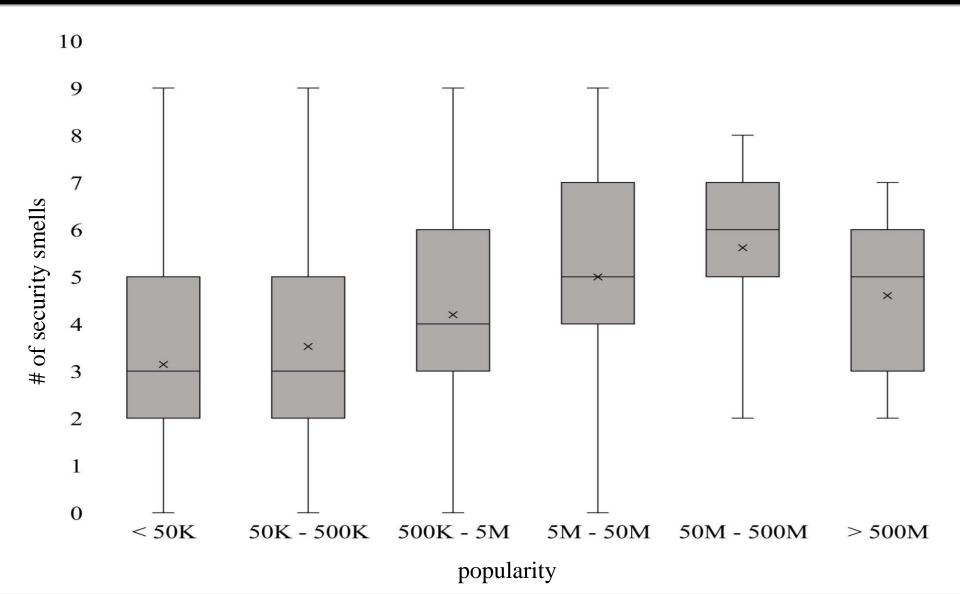
Dynamic Code Loading

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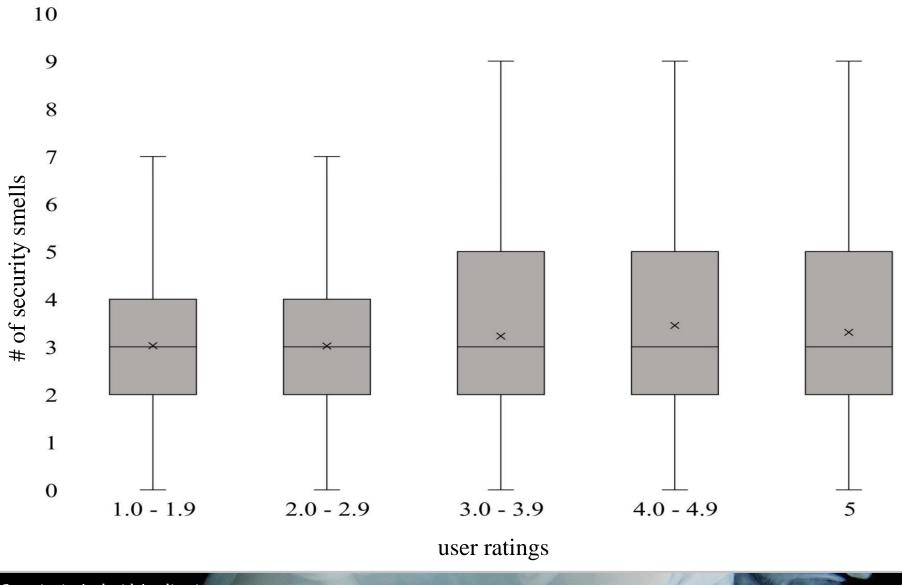




The Impact of Number of Downloads



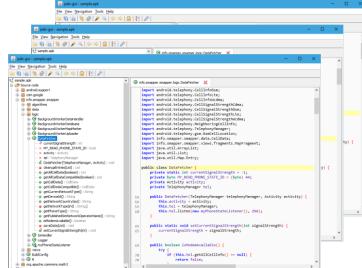
The Impact of User Ratings



To which extent identifying security smells facilitates detecting vulnerabilities?

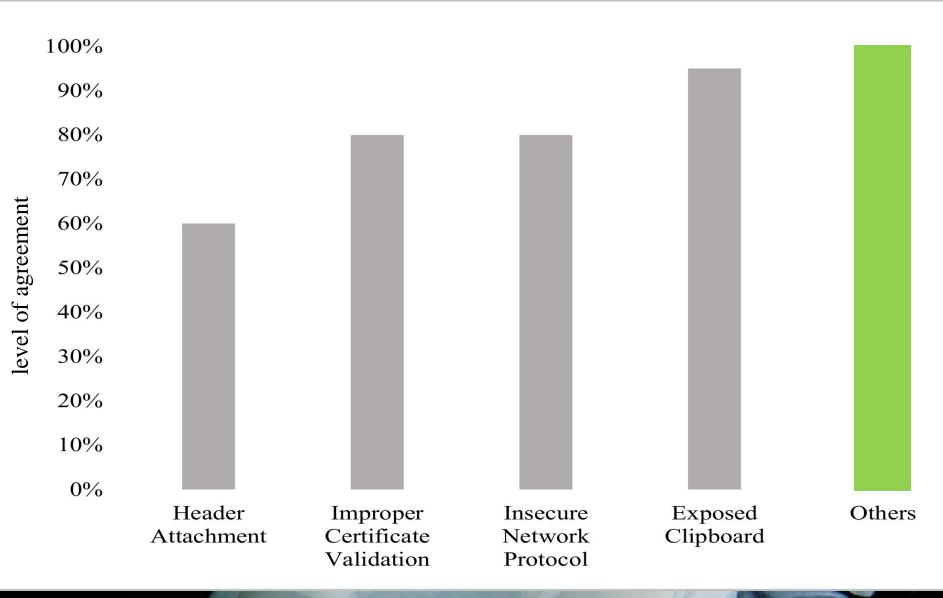
Study Design







Result



Where Vulnerability Reports Failed?

Header Attachment

Data sensitivity of headers

> Improper Certificate Validation

Customised TrustManagers with pinning support

Insecure Network Protocol

Local web resources in middleware

Exposed Clipboard

Data sensitivity of content

Summary

Our Contribution

- Increase in security awareness
- Evaluation of security smell distribution
- Lightweight analysis assessment
- ► In future: In-depth exploration

Thank you for your attention!

Security in Android Applications